# **Town and Country Planning Act 1990 North York Moors National Park Authority**

## Notice of Decision of Planning Authority on Application for Permission to Carry out Development

To: Mr C Stamp

c/o The Plan Shop Architects

fao: Mr Ian Harrison The Assembly Rooms 29 Market Place

Bedale DL8 1ED

The above named Authority being the Planning Authority for the purposes of your application validated 22 August 2018, in respect of proposed development for the purposes of Conversion of former methodist chapel to form local occupancy dwelling at Methodist Church, Chop Gate has considered your application and has granted permission for the proposed development subject to the following conditions:

- 1. The development hereby permitted shall be commenced before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.
- 2. The development hereby permitted shall not be carried out other than in strict accordance with the following documents:

<b>Document Description</b>	Document No.	Date Received
Site location plan	NYM/5123/03	26 February 2019
Proposed plans & elevations	NYM/5123/02A	26 February 2019
or in accordance with any minor variation thereof that may be approved in writing by		
the Local Planning Authority.		

- 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015 (or any order revoking and re-enacting that Order), no development within Schedule 2, Part 1, Classes A to H Schedule 2, Part 2, Classes A to C and within Schedule 2 Part 14 Classes A to I of that Order shall take place without a further grant of planning permission being obtained from the Local Planning Authority.
- 4. The occupation of the dwelling hereby permitted shall be limited to:
  - i) a qualifying person; and
  - ii) a wife or husband (or person living as such), licensee, dependant or sub-tenant of a qualifying person.

For the purpose of the above, a person is a qualifying person in relation to the dwelling if he/she has an interest in the dwelling (see Note A) and, immediately prior to occupying the dwelling, he/she satisfied the Local Planning Authority that he/she was in need of local needs housing in terms of the criteria set out in Core Policy J of the adopted North York Moors Local Development Framework, namely that he/she:

- a) is currently living in and has permanently resided in the National Park for five years or more and is living in accommodation that no longer meets their requirements or
- b) does not currently live in the National Park but has a strong and long standing link to the local community including a previous period of residence of five years or

Continued/Condition 4

Mr C M France Director of Planning

Date 17 June 2019

## Town and Country Planning Act 1990

#### Continuation of Decision No. NYM/2018/0448/FL

#### more or

- c) has an essential need to move to live close to relatives who are currently living in and have resided in the National Park for at least the previous five years or more and require support for reasons of age or infirmity or
- d) requires support for reasons of age or infirmity and need to move to live close to relatives who are currently living and have resided in the National Park for at least the previous five years or more or
- e) needs to live in the National Park as a result of current sole employment within that parish or adjacent parishes within the National Park.
- Prior to the occupation of the development the qualifying person shall have obtained confirmation in writing from the Authority that they satisfy the local need criteria outlined in points a e above.
- 5. No external lighting shall be installed in the development hereby permitted until details of lighting have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The lighting shall be installed in accordance with the details so approved and shall be maintained in that condition in perpetuity.
- 6. Prior to any works being undertaken to the roof of the building the applicants should provide the Local Planning Authority with a European Protected Species Licence, obtained from Natural England.
- 7. No pointing or re-pointing of the exterior walls shall take place between November 1st and March 1st in any year, to ensure that hibernating bats are not entombed.
- 8. No pointing or re-pointing of the exterior walls shall take place until details of the quick lime (hot-mixed) mortar mix have been submitted to and been approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. Approved. All pointing in the development hereby permitted shall accord with the approved details, with a slightly recessed bagged finish. Joints in stonework should be carefully raked out using hacksaw blades or other hand tools narrower than the width of the joint.

## **Informatives**

1. All bats and their roosts are fully protected under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended by the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000) and are further protected under Regulation 39(1) of the Conservation (Natural Habitats etc.) Regulations 1994. Should any bats or evidence of bats be found prior to or during development, work must stop immediately and Natural England contacted on 0300 060 3900 for further advice. This is a legal requirement under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended) and applies to whoever carries out the work. All contractors on site should be made aware of this requirement and given information to contact Natural England or the Bat Conservation Trust national helpline on 0845 1300 228.

Continued/Informatives

Mr C M France Director of Planning

## Town and Country Planning Act 1990

#### Continuation of Decision No. NYM/2018/0448/FL

- 2. All housing developments must comply with national housing standards such as the decent Homes Standard and must be free from category 1 hazards when assessed in accordance with the Housing Health and Safety Rating System (HHSRS) (sections 1 and 2 of the Housing Act 2004) Hambleton Council (Housing Section) also apply specific standards to premises defined as Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMO's). These may include:
  - " Houses divided into flats or bedsits where some amenities are shared
  - " Houses occupied on a shared basis where occupiers have rooms of their own
  - Lodging accommodation where resident landlords let rooms
  - " Hostel, lodging houses and bed and breakfast hotels
  - " Registered residential hotels
  - " Houses converted to self-contained flats with common parts such as stairways The standards may relate to matters such as, minimum room size, and occupancy levels, numbers of kitchens and bathrooms and fire precautions.
- 3. The applicant/occupant shall make all reasonable endeavours to ensure that 'parking agreement' arrangements are in place between the property owner and a nearby landowner to provide a car parking space for the occupant of the property.

### **Reasons for Conditions**

- 1. To ensure compliance with Sections 91 to 94 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended.
- 2. For the avoidance of doubt and to ensure that the details of the development comply with the provisions of NYM Core Policy A and NYM Development Policy 3, which seek to conserve and enhance the special qualities of the NYM National Park.
- 3. In order to enable the Local Planning Authority to retain control over future alterations to the property in the interests of safeguarding the existing form and character of the building in line with NYM Development Policy 3 and NYM Core Policy A, which seek to enhance and conserve the special qualities of the NYM National Park and secure high quality design for new development.
- 4. In order to comply with NYM Core Policy J which seeks to restrict the occupancy of new residential development to those with a local links and an essential need to live in the locality.
- 5. In order to comply with the provisions of NYM Core Policy A which seeks to ensure that new development does not detract from the quality of life of local residents.
- 6 & 7. In order to comply with the provisions of NYM Core Policy C which seeks to protect species protected under national and international legislation.
- 8. For the avoidance of doubt and in order to comply with the provisions of NYM Core Policy A and NYM Development Policy 3 which seek to ensure that building materials are of a high quality and compatible with the character of the locality and that the special qualities of the National Park are safeguarded.

# **Explanation of how the Authority has Worked Positively with the Applicant/Agent**

The Authority's Officers have appraised the scheme against the Development Plan and other material considerations and recommended changes to the proposal including access and parking arrangements, so as to deliver sustainable development.

Mr C M France Director of Planning

Date 17 June 2019

## **Rights of Appeal**

(1) If the applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the Local Planning Authority to refuse permission or approval for the proposed development, or to grant permission or approval subject to conditions, they may appeal to the Secretary of State of Department of Communities and Local Government in accordance with Section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, within six months of the date of this notice (12 weeks in the case of a minor commercial application). The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the Local Planning Authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.

In practice, the Secretary of State does not refuse to consider appeals solely because the Local Planning Authority based their decision on a direction given by him.

(2) If permission to develop land is refused, or granted subject to conditions, whether by the Local Planning Authority or by the Secretary of State, the owner of the land may claim that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted, he may serve on the council of the county/district in which the land is situated a purchase notice requiring that council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

Note: If an aggrieved applicant wishes to exercise their right of appeal as above mentioned, they should do so using a form which you can get from the Secretary of State at:

Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol, BS1 6PN (Tel: 0303 444 00 00) or online at <a href="https://www.planningportal.gov.uk/planning/appeals">www.planningportal.gov.uk/planning/appeals</a>

### **Notes**

- 1. Please note, only the applicant possesses the right of appeal.
- 2. No consent, permission or approval hereby given absolves the applicant from the necessity of obtaining the approval, under the Building Regulations, of the District Council in whose area the site of the proposed Development is situated; or of obtaining approval under any other Bye-Laws, local Acts, orders, regulations and statutory provisions in force; and no part of the proposed development should be commenced until such further approval has been obtained.
- 3. In your own interests your attention is particularly drawn to the conditions under which approval has been given to your proposals. Failure to comply fully with the conditions could lead to enforcement action resulting in work already done being demolished or prosecution in Magistrates' Court.
- 4. If this is a decision on a planning application relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as is already the subject of an enforcement notice, if you want to appeal against your Local Planning Authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within 28 days of the date of this notice.
- 5. If an enforcement notice is served relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as in your application and if you want to appeal against your Local Planning Authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within: 28 days of the date of service of the enforcement notice, or within 6 months (12 weeks in the case of a householder appeal) of the date of this notice, whichever period expires earlier.