# **Town and Country Planning Act 1990 North York Moors National Park Authority**

# Notice of Decision of Planning Authority on Application for Permission to Carry out Development

To: Mr K Howard

c/o Cheryl Ward Planning

5 Valley View Ampleforth York

YO64 4DQ

The above named Authority being the Planning Authority for the purposes of your application validated 20 August 2019, in respect of proposed development for the purposes of variation of condition 3 of planning approval NYM/2009/0273/FL to allow a dual residential letting and holiday letting use at Rigg View Cottage, Abbey View Cottage and Honeysuckle Cottage, Summerfield Lane, Stainsacre has considered your application and has granted permission for the proposed development subject to the following conditions:

- The development hereby approved shall be only carried out in strict accordance with the detailed specifications and plans comprised in the application hereby approved or in accordance with any minor variation thereof that may be approved by the Local Planning Authority.
- 2. The occupation of the accommodation units hereby permitted shall be limited to either:
  - i) a qualifying person; and
  - ii) a wife or husband (or person living as such), licensee, dependant or sub-tenant of a qualifying person.

or for holiday letting purposes.

For the purpose of the above, a person is a qualifying person in relation to the accommodation if he/she has an interest in the dwelling (see Note A) and, immediately prior to occupying the dwelling, he/she satisfied the Local Planning Authority that he/she was in need of local needs housing in terms of the criteria set out in Core Policy J of the adopted North York Moors Local Development Framework, namely that he/she:

- a) is currently living in and has permanently resided in the National Park for five years or more and is living in accommodation that no longer meets their requirements or
- b) does not currently live in the National Park but has a strong and long standing link to the local community including a previous period of residence of five years or more or
- c) has an essential need to move to live close to relatives who are currently living in and have resided in the National Park for at least the previous five years or more and require support for reasons of age or infirmity or
- d) requires support for reasons of age or infirmity and need to move to live close to relatives who are currently living and have resided in the National Park for at least the

Continued/Condition 3

Mr C M France Director of Planning

Date 11 October 2019

## Town and Country Planning Act 1990

#### Continuation of Decision No. NYM/2019/0581/FL

previous five years or more or needs to live in the National Park as a result of current sole employment within that parish or adjacent parishes within the National Park.

Prior to the occupation of the development the qualifying person shall have obtained confirmation in writing from the Authority that they satisfy the local need criteria outlined in points a - e above.

Note A: For the purposes of the above, a person has an interest in the dwelling if he/she has a freehold or leasehold interest in the whole or any part of it, or is a secure tenant or statutory tenant within the meaning of the Housing Act 1985 or the Rent Act 1977.

Note B: For the purposes of the above, resident within the National Park will include the whole of parishes split by the National Park boundary with the following exceptions; Allerston, Beadlam, Burniston, East Ayton, East Harlsey, Ebberston and Yedingham, Great Ayton, Great and Little Broughton, Great Busby, Guisborough, Ingleby Arncliffe, Irton, Kirkby in Cleveland, Kirkbymoorside, Lockwood, Nawton, Newby, Pickering, Potto, Scalby, Snainton, Sutton under Whitestonecliffe, West Ayton.

Note C: For the purpose of this condition 'holiday letting' means letting to the same person, group of persons or family for period(s) not exceeding a total of 28 days in any one calendar year.

3. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015 (or any order revoking and re-enacting that Order), no development within Schedule 2, Part 1, Classes A to H Schedule 2, Part 2, Classes A to C and within Schedule 2 Part 14 Classes A to I of that Order shall take place without a further grant of planning permission being obtained from the Local Planning Authority.

#### **Reasons for Conditions**

- 1. For the avoidance of doubt and to ensure that the details of the development comply with the provisions of NYM Core Policy A and NYM Development Policy 3, which seek to conserve and enhance the special qualities of the NYM National Park.
- 2. In order to comply with NYM Core Policy J which seeks to restrict the occupancy of new residential development to those with a local links and an essential need to live in the locality.
- 3. In order to enable the Local Planning Authority to retain control over future alterations to the property in the interests of safeguarding the existing form and character of the building in line with NYM Development Policy 3 and NYM Core Policy A, which seek to enhance and conserve the special qualities of the NYM National Park and secure high quality design for new development.

# **Explanation of how the Authority has Worked Positively with the Applicant/Agent**

The Authority's Officers have appraised the scheme against the Development Plan and other material considerations and confirmed to the applicant/agent that the development is likely to improve the economic, social and environmental conditions of the area.

Mr C M France Director of Planning

Date 11 October 2019

## **Rights of Appeal**

(1) If the applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the Local Planning Authority to refuse permission or approval for the proposed development, or to grant permission or approval subject to conditions, they may appeal to the Secretary of State of Department of Communities and Local Government in accordance with Section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, within six months of the date of this notice (12 weeks in the case of a minor commercial application). The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the Local Planning Authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.

In practice, the Secretary of State does not refuse to consider appeals solely because the Local Planning Authority based their decision on a direction given by him.

(2) If permission to develop land is refused, or granted subject to conditions, whether by the Local Planning Authority or by the Secretary of State, the owner of the land may claim that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted, he may serve on the council of the county/district in which the land is situated a purchase notice requiring that council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

Note: If an aggrieved applicant wishes to exercise their right of appeal as above mentioned, they should do so using a form which you can get from the Secretary of State at:

Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol, BS1 6PN (Tel: 0303 444 00 00) or online at <a href="https://www.planningportal.gov.uk/planning/appeals">www.planningportal.gov.uk/planning/appeals</a>

#### **Notes**

- 1. Please note, only the applicant possesses the right of appeal.
- 2. No consent, permission or approval hereby given absolves the applicant from the necessity of obtaining the approval, under the Building Regulations, of the District Council in whose area the site of the proposed Development is situated; or of obtaining approval under any other Bye-Laws, local Acts, orders, regulations and statutory provisions in force; and no part of the proposed development should be commenced until such further approval has been obtained.
- 3. In your own interests your attention is particularly drawn to the conditions under which approval has been given to your proposals. Failure to comply fully with the conditions could lead to enforcement action resulting in work already done being demolished or prosecution in Magistrates' Court.
- 4. If this is a decision on a planning application relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as is already the subject of an enforcement notice, if you want to appeal against your Local Planning Authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within 28 days of the date of this notice.
- 5. If an enforcement notice is served relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as in your application and if you want to appeal against your Local Planning Authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within: 28 days of the date of service of the enforcement notice, or within 6 months (12 weeks in the case of a householder appeal) of the date of this notice, whichever period expires earlier.