

**Town and Country Planning Act 1990
North York Moors National Park Authority**

**Notice of Decision of Planning Authority on Application for
Permission to Carry out Development**

To: Ms Sarah McDermott
c/o BHD Partnership
fao: Mr N Duffield
Airy Hill Manor
Waterstead Lane
Whitby
YO21 1QB

The above named Authority being the Planning Authority for the purposes of your application validated 25 March 2020, in respect of proposed development for the purposes of **demolition of single and two storey extensions and construction of replacement single storey extension at Rounton House, Mount Pleasant South, Robin Hoods Bay** has considered your application and has **granted** permission for the proposed development subject to the following conditions:

1. The development hereby permitted shall be commenced before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.
2. The development hereby permitted shall not be carried out other than in strict accordance with the following documents:

Document Description	Document No.	Date Received
Location Plan (insert)	D11808-01 Rev C	25 March 2020
Existing & Proposed Elevations & Plans	D11808-02 Rev C	30 April 2020
Email clarifying Materials	from BHD Ltd	01 May 2020

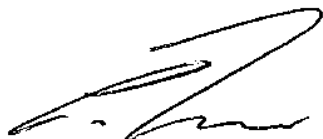
or in accordance with any minor variation thereof that may be approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

3. The external walls of the development hereby permitted shall, within three months of the construction works being completed, be rendered in accordance with the details provided on 01 May 2020 and shall be maintained in that condition in perpetuity unless otherwise agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority.

Informatives

1. All bats and their roosts are fully protected under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended by the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000) and are further protected under Regulation 39(1) of the Conservation (Natural Habitats etc.) Regulations 1994. Should any bats or evidence of bats be found prior to or during development, work must stop immediately and Natural England contacted on 0300 060 3900 for further advice. This is a legal requirement under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended) and applies to whoever carries out the work. All contractors on site should be made aware of this requirement and given information to contact Natural England or the Bat Conservation Trust national helpline on 0845 1300 228.

Continued/Informatives



Mr C M France
Director of Planning

Date 10 June 2020

Please Note your Rights of Appeal are attached to this Decision Notice

Town and Country Planning Act 1990

Continuation of Decision No. NYM/2020/0223/FL

2. Under Section 1 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended), wild birds are protected from being killed, injured or captured, while their nests and eggs are protected from being damaged, destroyed or taken. In addition, certain species such as the Barn Owl are included in Schedule 1 of the Act and are protected against disturbance while nesting and when they have dependent young. Offences against birds listed in Schedule 1 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act are subject to special penalties. An up-to-date list of the species in Schedule 1 is available from Natural England <http://www.naturalengland.org.uk/ourwork/regulation/wildlife/species/speciallyprotectedbirds.aspx>. Further information on wildlife legislation relating to birds can be found at www.rspb.org.uk/images/WBATL_tcm9-132998.pdf.

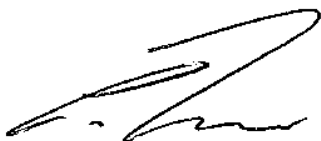
If advice is needed please contact the National Park Authority's Conservation Department on 01439 772700 or conservation@northyorkmoors.org.uk.

Reasons for Conditions

1. To ensure compliance with Sections 91 to 94 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended.
2. For the avoidance of doubt and to ensure that the details of the development comply with the provisions of NYM Core Policy A and NYM Development Policy 3, which seek to conserve and enhance the special qualities of the NYM National Park.
3. For the avoidance of doubt and in order to comply with the provisions of NYM Core Policy A and NYM Development Policy 3 which seek to ensure that the appearance of the development is compatible with the character of the locality and that the special qualities of the National Park are safeguarded.

Explanation of how the Authority has Worked Positively with the Applicant/Agent

The Local Planning Authority has acted positively and proactively in determining this application by identifying matters of concern within the application (as originally submitted) and negotiating, with the Applicant, acceptable amendments to the proposal to address those concerns. As a result, the Local Planning Authority has been able to grant planning permission for an acceptable proposal, in accordance with the presumption in favour of sustainable development, as set out within the National Planning Policy Framework.



Mr C M France
Director of Planning

Date 10 June 2020

Rights of Appeal

- (1) If the applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the Local Planning Authority to refuse permission or approval for the proposed development, or to grant permission or approval subject to conditions, they may appeal to the Secretary of State of Department of Communities and Local Government in accordance with Section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, within six months of the date of this notice (12 weeks in the case of a minor commercial application). The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the Local Planning Authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.

In practice, the Secretary of State does not refuse to consider appeals solely because the Local Planning Authority based their decision on a direction given by him.

- (2) If permission to develop land is refused, or granted subject to conditions, whether by the Local Planning Authority or by the Secretary of State, the owner of the land may claim that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted, he may serve on the council of the county/district in which the land is situated a purchase notice requiring that council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

Note: If an aggrieved applicant wishes to exercise their right of appeal as above mentioned, they should do so using a form which you can get from the Secretary of State at:

Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol, BS1 6PN (Tel: 0303 444 00 00) or online at www.planningportal.gov.uk/planning/appeals

Notes

1. Please note, only the applicant possesses the right of appeal.
2. No consent, permission or approval hereby given absolves the applicant from the necessity of obtaining the approval, under the Building Regulations, of the District Council in whose area the site of the proposed Development is situated; or of obtaining approval under any other Bye-Laws, local Acts, orders, regulations and statutory provisions in force; and no part of the proposed development should be commenced until such further approval has been obtained.
3. In your own interests your attention is particularly drawn to the conditions under which approval has been given to your proposals. Failure to comply fully with the conditions could lead to enforcement action resulting in work already done being demolished or prosecution in Magistrates' Court.
4. If this is a decision on a planning application relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as is already the subject of an enforcement notice, if you want to appeal against your Local Planning Authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within 28 days of the date of this notice.
5. If an enforcement notice is served relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as in your application and if you want to appeal against your Local Planning Authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within: 28 days of the date of service of the enforcement notice, or within 6 months (12 weeks in the case of a householder appeal) of the date of this notice, whichever period expires earlier.