First name: ROBERT



Grid ref SE 96701, 90016

YO62 5BP Telephone: 01439 770657 Email: dc@northyorkmoors-npa.gov.uk Website: www.moors.uk.net

The Old Vicarage

Bondgate Helmsley

Application for Planning Permission. Town and Country Planning Act 1990

Publication of planning applications on council websites

Please note that with the exception of applicant contact details and Certificates of Ownership, the information provided on this application form and in supporting documents may be published on the council's website.

If you have provided any other information as part of your application which falls within the definition of personal data under the Data Protection Act which you do not wish to be published on the council's website, please contact the council's planning department.

Title:

Last name:

2. Agent Name and Address

FARROW

MR

Please complete using block capitals and black ink.

First name:

1. Applicant Name and Address

STUART

MRS

Title:

Last name:

It is important that you read the accompanying guidance notes as incorrect completion will delay the processing of your application.

| (optional): | | | Company (optional): | ROBERT FARROW (DESIGN) LTD |
|---|--|-----------|------------------------|---|
| Unit: | House House suffix: | | Unit: | House number: 32 House suffix: |
| House name: | SUNNY BANK | | House name: | MILLAR HOUSE |
| Address 1: | | | Address 1: | NORTH GATE |
| Address 2: | | | Address 2: | |
| Address 3: | | | Address 3: | |
| Town: | HACKNESS | | Town: | HESSLE |
| County: | NORTH YORKSHIRE | | County: | EAST RIDING OF YORKSHIRE |
| Country: | ENGLAND | | Country: | ENGLAND |
| Postcode: | A013 02M | | Postcode: | HUIZ 9AA |
| 3. Descri | ption of the Proposal | | | |
| | ribe the proposed development, including any | change of | use: | |
| ł | | | | |
| CON | VERSION OF BARN | TO F | orm | DWELLING |
| CON | VERSION OF BARN | TO F | orm | DWELLING |
| CON | VERSION OF BARN | TO F | ORM | STANDARD AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN |
| CON | VERSION OF BARN | TO F | ORM | NYMNPA |
| Has the build | ding, work or change of use already started? | TO F | `o≀C' ∩ □ Yes | NYMNPA |
| Has the build | | TO F | | NYMNPA 20 OCT 2008 |
| Has the build If Yes, please work or use las the build | ding, work or change of use already started? | TO F | Yes | NYMNPA 20 OCT 2008 No |

| 4. Site Address Details | 5. Pre-application Advice |
|--|--|
| Please provide the full postal address of the application site. | Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local |
| Unit: House House number: suffix: | authority about this application? Yes No |
| House name: | If Yes, please complete the following information about the advice |
| Address 1: | you were given. (This will help the authority to deal with this application more efficiently). |
| Address 2: | Please tick if the full contact details are not known, and then complete as much as possible: |
| Address 3: | Officer name: |
| Town: HACKNESS | MISS CLAIRE SHIELDS |
| County: NORTH YORKSHIRE | Reference: |
| Postcode (optional): | NYM/2007/0729/FL |
| Description of location or a grid reference. (must be completed if postcode is not known): | Date (DD/MM/YYYY): 26/03/2008 [must be pre-application submission] |
| Easting: Northing: | Details of pre-application advice received? |
| Description: | ADVICE FOLLOWING REFUSAL OF |
| BARN ADJACENT TO SUNNY BANK, HACKNESS | PREVIOUS APPLICATION, REGARDING |
| Saloro Briok , Fillerices | WINDOW STYLE, RODFLIGHTS ETC. |
| | |
| 6. Pedestrian and Vehicle Access, Roads and Rights of Way | 7. Waste Storage and Collection |
| ls a new or altered vehicle access proposed | Do the plans incorporate areas to store |
| to or from the public highway? Yes No | and aid the collection of waste? Yes No |
| Is a new or altered pedestrian access proposed to or from | If Yes, please provide details: |
| the public highway? Yes / No | STORAGE AREA FOR BINS |
| Are there any new public roads to be provided within the site? Yes No | LOCATED NEXT TO EXISTING |
| Are there any new public | DRIVE FOR EASE OF COLLECTION. |
| rights of way to be provided within or adjacent to the site? Yes No | |
| Do the proposals require any diversions /extinguishments and/or | Have arrangements been made |
| creation of rights of way? | for the separate storage and collection of recyclable waste? Yes V No |
| If you answered Yes to any of the above questions, please show details on your plans/drawings and state the reference of the plan | If Yes, please provide details: |
| (s)/drawings(s) | |
| | NYMNPA |
| | 20 OCT 2008 |
| | |
| | |
| 8. Neighbour and Community Consultation | 9. Council Employee / Member |
| Have you consulted your neighbours or | Is the applicant or agent related to any member of staff or elected |
| the local community about the proposal? | member of the council? Yes No |
| If Yes, please provide details: | If Yes, please provide details: |
| | |
| | |
| The state of the s | |
| | 11 |

| If applicable, please sta | ate what materials are to be used extern | ally. Include type, colour ar | nd name for each | materia | l: | |
|--|---|--|------------------|-------------------|---------|--|
| | Existing (where applicable) | 1YM / 2008 / 0 7 Proposed | 75/F | Not applicable | Don't | Drawing references if applicable |
| Walls | STONE | TO MATCH | EXISTING | | | 14/06095 |
| Roof | NATURAL CLAY PANTILE | S REPAIR TO 1 | 7ATCH | | | 14/06095 |
| Windows | TIMBER | TO MATCH & | EXISTING | | | 14/06095 |
| Doors | TIMBER | TO MATCH EX | CISTING | | | 14/06095 |
| Boundary treatments (e.g. fences, walls) | STONE WALL WITH HEDGE | STONE WALL WITH HEBGE. | • | | | 1A/06095 2/06095 |
| Vehicle access and hard-standing | TARMAC | TARMAC | | | | 2/06095 |
| Lighting | | | | 7 | | |
| Others (please specify) | | | | | | |
| | ional information on submitted plan(s)/ | | ess statement? | | ✓ Ye | s No |
| | ences for the plan(s)/drawing(s)/design a | | AIVAA | A ITA | | |
| | Access STATEMEN | | | | | |
| | HCCESS STAMELIEN. | | 20 00 | 2008 | | |
| 1. Vehicle Parking | | | | | | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | nation on the existing and proposed nur | nber of on-site parking space | ces: | | · | |
| Type of Vehicle | Total Existing | Total proposed (includ spaces retained) | ling | | fferenc | |
| Cars | 2 | 3 | | |) | 3 |
| Light goods vehicle public carrier vehice | es/ eles | | | | | |
| Motorcycles | | | | <u></u> | | |
| Disability spaces | | | | | | |
| Cycle spaces | | | | | | |
| Other (e.g. Bus) | | | | T-11. | · | |
| Other (e.g. Bus) | | | - | | | |

| 12. Foul Sewage | 13. Assessment of Flood Risk |
|--|--|
| Please state how foul sewage is to be disposed of: | Is the site within an area at risk of flooding? (Refer to the Environment Agency's Flood Map showing flood zones 2 and 3 and |
| Mains sewer Cess pit | consult Environment Agency standing advice and your local planning authority requirements for information as necessary.) |
| Septic tank 7 Other | MM / 2008 / 0 7 7 5 / F L □ Yes ☑ No |
| Package treatment plant | If Yes, you will need to submit a Flood Risk Assessment to consider the risk to the proposed site. |
| Are you proposing to connect to the existing drainage system? Yes No | Is your proposal within 20 metres of a watercourse (e.g. river, stream or beck)? |
| If Yes, please include the details of the existing system on the application drawings and state references for the | Will the proposal increase the flood risk elsewhere? Yes ✓ No |
| plan(s)/drawing(s): | How will surface water be disposed of? |
| | Sustainable drainage system Existing watercourse |
| | Soakaway Pond/lake |
| | Main sewer |
| 14. Biodiversity and Geological Conservation | 15. Existing Use |
| Is there a reasonable likelihood of the following being affected adversely or conserved and enhanced within the application site, or | Please describe the current use of the site: |
| on land adjacent to or near the application site? a) Protected and priority species: | STABLE BARN |
| Yes, on the development site | |
| Yes, on land adjacent to or near the proposed development | Is the site currently vacant? Yes No If Yes, please describe the last use of the site: |
| ✓ No | NYMNPA |
| b) Designated sites, important habitats or other biodiversity | 20 OCT 2008 |
| features: | |
| Yes, on the development site | When did this use end (if known)? DD/MM/YYYY (date where known may be approximate) |
| Yes, on land adjacent to or near the proposed development | Does the proposal involve any of the following: |
| ✓ No | Land which is known to be contaminated? Yes Vo |
| c) Features of geological conservation importance: | Land where contamination is suspected for all or part of the site? Yes No |
| Yes, on the development site | A proposed use that would |
| Yes, on land adjacent to or near the proposed development | be particularly vulnerable to the presence of contamination? Yes No |
| ✓ No | If you have answered Yes to any of the above, you will need to submit an appropriate contamination assessment. |
| 16. Trees and Hedges | 17. Trade Effluent |
| Are there trees or hedges on the proposed development site? Yes No | Does the proposal involve the need to dispose of trade effluents or waste? Yes No |
| And/or: Are there trees or hedges on land adjacent to the proposed development site that could influence the | If Yes, please describe the nature, volume and means of disposal of trade effluents or waste |
| development or might be important as part of the local landscape character? Yes No | |
| If Yes to either or both of the above, you will need to provide a full Tree Survey, with accompanying plan before your application can be determined. Your Local Planning Authority should make clear on its website what the survey should contain, in accordance with the current 'BS5837: Trees in relation to construction - Recommendations'. | |

| | | 4 | 1120 | | | | | NYM / | 2000 | -/_ | 0 / | -7- | 5 / | / r L | |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------|-----------|-------------|--------------|--|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|----------------|--------------|--|--------------|
| | Propo | sea | Hou | sing | | | | | Exist | ing | Hou | sing | | | |
| Market | Not | | - | | 1 | rooms | Total | Market | Not | | , | | | rooms | Tota |
| Housing Houses | known | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4+ | Unknowr | 1 | Housing Houses | known | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4+ | Unknowr | <u>n</u> |
| Flats and maisonettes | | - | + | | | | ' | Flats and maisonettes | | - | ┼ | - | | | - |
| Live-work units | | | - | | | <u> </u> | | Live-work units |) U | | - | - | | | |
| Cluster flats | | | | | | | | Cluster flats | | | | - | | | |
| Sheltered housing | | | | - | | | | Sheltered housing | | - | \vdash | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | |
| Bedsit/studios | | | - | | - | | | Bedsit/studios | | - | + | | | - | + |
| Unknown type | | | + | | - | | | Unknown type | | | - | | | | |
| Onknown type | <u></u> | otal | s (a + | b + c - | d + 1 | e + f + g) = | 1 | опкномптуре | | otals | /2.4 | b . c | dia | + f + g) = | 0 |
| | | Otal | 3 (4 7 | | | ;+1+y)- | | | | Otals | (a + | U + C + | - u + e | !+1+y) = | D |
| | Not | <u> </u> | Num | ber o | Bedi | rooms | Total | | Not | | Num | her of | Rodr | ooms | Tota |
| Social Rented | known | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4+ | Unknown | - | Social Rented | Not known | 1 | 2 | 3 | | Unknown | |
| Houses | | | | | | | | Houses | | | | | | | |
| Flats and maisonettes | | | | | | | | Flats and maisonettes | | | 1 | | | | |
| Live-work units | | | | | | | | Live-work units | | | | | | | |
| Cluster flats | | | | | | | | Cluster flats | | | | | | | <u> </u> |
| Sheltered housing | | | | | | | | Sheltered housing | | | | | | | <u> </u> |
| Bedsit/studios | | | | | | | | Bedsit/studios | | | | | <u> </u> | | † |
| Unknown type | | | | | İ | | | Unknown type | | | | | | | <u> </u> |
| | To | otals | (a + l |) + C + | d + e | + f + g) = | 0 | | T | otals | (a + 1 |) + <i>c</i> + | d+e | +f+g)= | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | · |
| Intermediate | Not known | 1 | Num 2 | ber of | | ooms Unknown | Total | Intermediate | Not known | 1 | Num 2 | ber of | | ooms Unknown | Total |
| Houses | | | | | | | | Houses | | | | | | | |
| Flats and maisonettes | | | | | | | | Flats and maisonettes | ф | | NΥ | MN | PΔ | | |
| Live-work units | | | <u> </u> | | | | | Live-work units | | | | | | | |
| Cluster flats | | | | | | | | Cluster flats | | K | 10 (| CT Z | 008 | 100 | |
| Sheltered housing | | | | ļ | | | | Sheltered housing | | | | | | | |
| Bedsit/studios | | | | | | | | Bedsit/studios | | 1100000000000 | *************************************** | - | | | |
| Unknown type | | | | | | , | | Unknown type | | | | | | | |
| | To | otals | (a + b | + C + | d + e | + f + g) = | 0 | | Te | otals | (a + t |) + C + | d + e | +f+g)= | 0 |
| | · · · · · · | | B1 . | | D . | | T | | | | | | | | r <u></u> |
| Key worker | Not known | 1 | Numb 2 | per of | | Unknown | Total | Key worker | Not known | 1 | Numl 2 | per of | | ooms Unknown | Total |
| Houses | | • | _ | Ü | | OTIKI OWIT | | Houses | | | | 3 | 47 | OTATIOWIT | |
| Flats and maisonettes | | | | | | | | Flats and maisonettes | | | | | | | |
| Live-work units | | | - | | | | | Live-work units | | | | | | | |
| Cluster flats | \exists | | | | | | | Cluster flats | | | | | | | |
| Sheltered housing | | | | | | | | Sheltered housing | | | | | | | |
| Bedsit/studios | | | <u> </u> | | ···· · · · - | | | Bedsit/studios | | | | | | | |
| Unknown type | | | | | | | | Unknown type | | | | | | | |
| | | tals | (a + b | + C + | d + e | + f + g) = | <u></u> | | | otals | (a + h | + C + | d + e | + f + g) = | 0 |
| | 111 | | | | | 7/ | | | | | | | · · | , | ~ <i>/</i> |
| Total proposed re | | | · | | | + D) = | | Total existing r | | | | | | | |

| 19. AI | l Types of | Developm | ent: | Non-resident | ial Floorspa | ace | | *** | | | | | |
|--------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|---|--|--------------------|--|----------------------|---------|---|---------|----------|----|
| | | | - | iin or change of u | | | ٠ | Yes | | No | | | |
| If yo | ou have answ | vered Yes to t | | estion above ple | ase add details | in the follow | ving table: | | | | | | |
| U | Use class/type of use ੋਂ ਟ | | | Existing gross internal floorspace (square metres) | Gross interna to be lost by use or de (square | change of molition | Total gross floorspace (including ouse)(square | proposed change o | d of | Net additional gross internal floorspace following development (square metres) | | | |
| A1 | SI | hops | | NYM / 2008 / 0 7 | | | | | | | / | | , |
| | | dable area: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A2 | | ncial and onal services | | | | | | | | | | | |
| А3 | Restaurar | nts and cafes | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A4 | Drinking es | stablishments | 5 🗆 | | | | | | | | | | |
| A5 | Hot food | l takeaways | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B1 (a) | i i | her than A2) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B1 (b) | | rch and opment | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B1 (c) | Light i | ndustrial | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B2 | General | industrial | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B8 | | distribution | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C1 | | nd halls of dence | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C2 | | l institutions | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D1 | | sidential tutions | | | | | | | | _ | | | |
| D2 | Assembly | and leisure | | | | | | | | | | - | |
| OTHER | - | specify | | | , | | | | | | | | |
| | BARN/ | STABLE | Ø | 169.3 | 169.3 | > | | | | | | | |
| | <u> </u> | otal | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | dition, for ho | | | titutions and hos ng rooms to be lo | | | | | f rooi | ms | | | |
| Use class | Type of use | Not applicable | CXISU | of use or demo | olition | ch | s proposed (incanges of use) | ciuaing | - | Net ad | ditior | nal roor | ms |
| C1 | Hotels Residential | | | | | | | | M | <u>/MN</u> | PA | | |
| C2 | Institutions | | | | | | | | 20 | OCT 2 | በበደ | | |
| Other | Hostels | | | | | | | | | C. C | 0.69.69 | | |
| 20. Em | ployment | | | | * | | | | | | | | i |
| | | ** | ormati | on regarding em | ployees: N | /A | | | | | | - | |
| | | | | Full-time | Part- | time | | | | ıll-time alent | | | |
| Exi | sting employ | yees | | | | | | | quit | | | | |
| Pro | posed emplo | oyees | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Hor | urs of Ope | nina | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | na for | each non-reside | ntial use prope | orad: N | /A | | ** - | | | | |
| - I ICas | Use | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | - | to Friday | Saturday | | Sunday ar | | | | ot kn | | |
| | | 1410 | ,,,,day | torriday | Saturday | · | Bank Holid | ays | - | 14 | JUN11 | OWII | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 (1) | A | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Site | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 'lease sta | ite the site ar | rea in hectare | s (ha) | 0.108 | | | | | | | | | |

| 23. Industrial or Commercial Proce | | nery | |
|---|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Please describe the activities and processes be carried out on the site and the end produ plant, ventilation or air conditioning. Please type of machinery which may be installed or | ucts including include the | NYM / 2 | 2008 / 0 7 7 5 / F L |
| Is the proposal a waste management develo | opment? Yes | ✓ No | |
| If the answer is Yes, please complete the foll | lowing table: | | |
| | including en allowance f | apacity of the void in cubic n Igineering surcharge and ma for cover or restoration mate Solid waste or litres if liquid w | aking no throughput in tonnes |
| lnert landfill | | | |
| Non-hazardous landfill | | | |
| Hazardous landfill | | | |
| Energy from waste incineration | | | |
| Other incineration | | | |
| Landfill gas generation plant | | Marin | |
| Pyrolysis/gasification | | | |
| Metal recycling site | | | |
| Transfer stations | | | |
| Material recovery/recycling facilities (MRFs) | | | |
| Household civic amenity sites | | | |
| Open windrow composting | | | |
| In-vessel composting | | | |
| Anaerobic digestion | | | |
| Any combined mechanical, biological and/ or thermal treatment (MBT) | | | |
| Sewage treatment works | | | |
| Other treatment | | | |
| Recycling facilities construction, demolition and excavation waste | | | |
| Storage of waste | | | |
| Other waste management | | | NYMNPA |
| Other developments | | | . 20 OCT 2008 |
| Please provide the maximum annual operation | onal throughput of | the following waste streams | : « C ANI TORG |
| Municipal Construction demolition and a | | | 17 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 7 |
| Construction, demolition and ex Commercial and industri | | Annual St. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co | |
| Hazardous | lai | | |
| If this is a landfill application you will need to | nrovide further inf | ormation before your applic | ation can be determined. Vour waste |
| planning authority should make clear what in | nformation it requir | es on its website. | adon can be determined. Todi waste |
| 24. Hazardous Substances | | | |
| Does the proposal involve the use or storage the following materials in the quantities state | | ✓ No Not | t applicable |
| If Yes, please provide the amount of each sub | | ved: | |
| Acrylonitrile (tonnes) | Ethylene oxide (| tonnes) | Phosgene (tonnes) |
| Ammonia (tonnes) | Hydrogen cyanide (| tonnes) | Sulphur dioxide (tonnes) |
| Bromine (tonnes) | Liquid oxygen (| tonnes) | Flour (tonnes) |
| Chlorine (tonnes) Liqu | quid petroleum gas (| tonnes) | Refined white sugar (tonnes) |
| Other: | 4444444 | Other: | |
| Amount (tonnes): | | Amount (tonnes): | |

| lf y | ou have ansv | vered Yes to t | he qu | estion above ple | ease add deta | ils in the follow | ing table: | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
|------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---|-----------------------|---|---|---------------|--|---|-----------------------|
| | Use class/type of use | | Not applicable | Existing gross internal floorspace (square metres) | to be lost use or o | nal floorspace by change of demolition e metres) | Total gro floorspac (including use)(squa | change | ed f | Net addition internal floo internal floo inguare i | oorspace evelopmen |
| A 1 | SI | порѕ | | | | N | YM / 20 | 08 / | 0 7 | | F L |
| | Net trac | lable area: | | | | | | - | - | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| A2 | | cial and nal services | | | | | | | | | <u></u> |
| А3 | Restauran | ts and cafes | | | | | · | | | | |
| A4 | Drinking es | tablishments | | | | | | - | | | |
| A5 | Hot food | takeaways | | | | | | | _ | | |
| B1 (a) | Office (oth | er than A2) | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | <u> </u> | | | | | | |
| B1 (b) | | rch and opment | | | | | | | _ | | |
| B1 (c) | | idustrial | | - | | | | | | | |
| B2 | Generali | ndustrial | | | | | | | +- | ····· | - |
| B8 | Storage or | distribution | | | | | | | | | |
| C1 | Hotels an resid | | | | | | | | | | |
| C2 | Residential | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | |
| D1 | Non-res institu | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| D2 | Assembly a | | | | | | <u>.</u> | | _ | | |
| OTHER | Please s | pecify | | | | | | | | | |
| | BARN/S | TABLE | Ø, | 169.3 | 169.3 | 3 | | | | | |
| | Tot | 1 | | | ••• | | <u> </u> | · | | | <u> </u> |
| | | els, residentia | instit | utions and host | els, please ad | ditionally indic | ate the loss | or gain of | rooms | | <u>.</u> |
| Use T | ype of use | Not Expplicable | usting | rooms to be los of use or demol | st by change ition | Total rooms char | proposed (in ages of use) | cluding | Net | additional | rooms |
| C1 | Hotels Residential | | - | | | | | | NYM | NPA | |
| CZ Ir | esidential | | | | | | - |] | | | |
| ther | Hosteis | | | | | | | | <u> 0 0C1</u> | - 2008 | - |
| . Emp | loyment | | | | | | | | | | |
| ease con | nplete the fol | lowing inforn | natior | regarding emp | loyees: N | A | | * | | | |
| | | | Fu | III-time | Part- | time | | | al full-tin | | |
| | ing employee | | | | | | | <u>ec</u> | <u>juivalent</u> | | |
| Propo | sed employe | es | - | | | | | | | | - |
| Hour | s of Openi | na | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | for ea | ch non-resident | ial use propo | | 1 | | | | |
| | Use | Mond | | | Saturday | | Sunday an | d | | | |
| | | | | | | | Bank Hólida | ys | | Not known | |
| | | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | |
| | | | | | | | | | | . | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 1. |

| 25. Gertificates (continued) | CERTIFICA | TF OF OWNER | RSHIP - CERTI | IEICATE D | |
|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| Town and Country Pla | nning (General I | Development | Procedure) C | Order 1995 Certificate under | r Article 7 |
| I certify/ The applicant certifies that: Certificate A cannot be issued | for this applicatio | n | | NYM / 2008 / 0 7 | 75/51 |
| All reasonable steps have beer | taken to find out | t the names ar | nd addresses o | of everyone else who, on the c | lay 21 days before the |
| date of this application, was th of any part of the land to whicl | e owner (<i>owner is</i> 1 this application | r <i>a person with</i> relates, but l h | <i>a treenold inte</i> lave/ the appli | rest or leasehold interest with a cant has been unable to do so | it least 7 years left to run) o. |
| The steps taken were: | | , | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Notice of the application has been pub | | wing newspap | per | On the following date (which | ch must not be earlier |
| (circulating in the area where the land | s situated): | | | than 21 days before the dat | e of the application): |
| | | | | | |
| Signed - Applicant: | | Or signed - A | Agent: | | Date (DD/MM/YYYY): |
| | | | | # 1 |][|
| | | | | | |
| | AGRICUL | TURAL HOLD | INGS CERTIFIC | CATE | |
| T own and Country Pla r Agricultural Land Declaration - You Must | ining (General D i Complete Fither | evelopment l A or B | Procedure)Or | der 1995 Certificate under / | Article 7 |
| (A) None of the land to which the ap | plication relates i | s, or is part of, | an agricultura | ıl holding. | |
| Signed - Applicant: | | | | | Date (DD/MM/YYYY): |
| | | | | | 14/10/2008 |
| R) I have/The applicant has given t | ho roquisito no | | | | 1 |
| B) I have/ The applicant has given t before the date of this application, was as listed below: | a tenant of an ag | ricultural holo | ing on all or pa | no, c art of the land to which this a | on the day 21 days pplication relates, |
| Name of Tenant | | | Address | | Date Notice Served |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | ,, <u>, </u> | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | NYMNPA | |
| | | | | İ | |
| | | | | 20 OCT 2000 | b |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | - | |
| C' | | | | | |
| Signed - Applicant: | | Or signed - A | gent: | | Date (DD/MM/YYYY): |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | <u> </u> |
| 26. Planning Application Requi | | | | | |
| Please read the following checklist to ma | ke sure you have | sent all the in | formation in si | upport of your proposal. Failu | ire to submit all |
| nformation required will result in your a the Local Planning Authority has been su | pplication being (ibmitted. | nevrii perrieg | d. It Will NOT D | e considered valid until all inf | ormation required by |
| he original and 3 copies of a completed | and dated | | The correct for | ee: RESUBMISSIC | |
| application form: | | [<u>A</u>] | The original a | and 3 copies of a design and a | _ |
| he original and 3 copies of the plan whi he land to which the application relates | ch identifies drawn to an | | | and 3 copies of the completed | |
| dentified scale and showing the directio | n of North: | | Article 7 Cert | ificate (Agricultural Holdings) | i, dated |
| The original and 3 copies of other plans a | nd drawings or | | The original a | and 3 copies of the completed | |
| nformation necessary to describe the su | bject of the applic | cation: 🗹 | Ownership C | ertificate (A, B, C, or D - as ap | plicable): |
| 7. Declaration | | | | | |
| we hereby apply for planning permission | n/consent as des | cribed in this f | orm and the a | ccompanying plans/drawing | and additional |
| nformation. | _ | | uio u | | |
| igned - Applicant: | Ur signe | d - Agent: | | Date (DD/MM/Y | |
| | | | | 14/10/20 | (date cannot be pre-application) |
| | | | | | h.e.abhucanon) |

| 26. Applicant Contact Details | | 29. Agent Contact Details |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| Telephone numbers | | Telephone numbers |
| Country code: National number | Extension number: | NVM / 2008 / 0 7 7 5 / F L Extension number: |
| Country code: | | Country code: |
| Country code: | | Country code: |
| Email address (o | | Email of |
| 30. Site Visit | | |
| Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, | bridleway or | other public land? Yes No |
| If the planning authority needs to make an appointment out a site visit, whom should they contact? (Please select of Other has been selected, please provide: | to carry only one) | Agent Applicant Other (if different from the agent/applicant's details) |
| Contact name: | | Telephone number: |
| | | |
| Email address: | | |
| | | |

NYMNPA

20 007 2008

DESIGN & ACCESS STATEMENT

CHANGE OF USE - FULL PLANNING PERMISSION

PROPOSED CONVERSION OF A BARN TO FORM DWELLING ADJACENT TO:

SUNNY BANK COTTAGE
HACKNESS
NORTH YORKSHIRE
YO13 0JW

ROBERT FARROW DESIGN LIMITED

TRF LIMITED

OCTOBER 2008

1.0 INTRODUCTION:

- 1.1 This Design and Access Statement has been prepared in accordance with guidance in the CABE document and the Government Circular 08/2005 'Guidance on changes to the development control system.
- 1.2 It relates to a change of use full planning permission for the conversion of a barn to form a dwelling adjacent to Sunny Bank, Hackness, North Yorkshire.
- 1.3 The DAS statement comprises the following sections:
 - <u>2.0 Assessment</u> Includes physical, social, economic, planning policy context and flood risk analysis for the discussed site.
 - <u>3.0 Involvement</u> Includes details of the groups and/or individuals consulted in the proposal process.
 - <u>4.0 Evaluation</u> Identifies options for site development.
 - 5.0 Design Explains the submitted scheme proposals.
 - 6.0 Conclusion
 - 7.0 Appendices

2.0 ASSESSMENT

2.1 Physical Context

- 2.1.1 The application site is located in the North Yorkshire Moors within the settlement of Hackness, which is on the boundary of a National Park conservation area.
- 2.1.2 The character of Hackness is typically late 18th to early 19th century (Frontispiece), which is highlighted by the building styles and grand Georgian country hotel located within the sites close proximity.
- 2.1.3 Hackness is surrounded by woodland, holds a small population of 182 and houses typically small, semi-detached cottages built using old stone and pan tiles or slate.
- 2.1.4 The buildings proposed for conversion consist of a ground and first floor stone barn, a garage with adjoining store, together with a single storey annexe facing south. The total site area is approximately 1080m² and the floor area of the existing barn is 170m².

2.1.5 In accordance with North Yorkshire Moors Local Planning, the site policy is BE13, which is concerned with the conversion of traditional rural buildings to permanent residential use in settlements under the title of conservation of cultural heritage.

2.2 Social Context

2.2.1 The proposed application relates to a traditional barn, which is to be converted into a dwelling and not tourist accommodation. As a result of this development the residential character of the area would be unaffected and without impact on the local community.

2.3 Economic Context

- 2.3.1 The fundamental economic benefit of this application is the preservation of a traditional 18th century barn. By using the existing structure and the same materials the scheme will ensure that the proposed dwelling remains natural and complimentary to its' surroundings.
- 2.3.2 Injections into the local economy may also arise due to the fact that extra residential space has been created.
- 2.3.3 The proposal would not have an adverse effect on the local economy.

2.4 Planning Policy

2.4.1 Under the North Yorkshire Moors National Park Authority local plan, particular attention must be given to regulation BE13 under section 4.

2.5 Flood Risk

2.5.1 The site is located outside the flood risk area therefore it is not deemed viable for an external assessment.

3.0 INVOLVEMENT

- 3.1 Pre planning discussions have taken place with the local authority and as a result of this an environmental assessment relating to building development has been carried out focusing mainly on the subject of bat habitation within the premises. This assessment shows no evidence of bat species inhabiting the site, either in hibernation or as a roosting/breeding site.
- 3.2.1 Consideration has been given to neighbouring properties and because of the siting of the building it is felt that there will be no deterioration to any residential amenities.

4.0 EVALUATION

- 4.1 Due to Greenfield policies and planning restriction the context of the site logically points to only one type of development being acceptable and that is the conversion of the existing barn to a dwelling.
- 4.2 The site will operate via the existing private vehicular access to the front of the proposed site. A separate application for a new access to serve Sunny Bank in the land adjacent is proposed to run in conjunction with this application for the conversion of the barn.

5.0 DESIGN

This section looks at all aspects of the resulting design, consideration being given to the land use, amount, layout, scale, landscaping, appearance, and access to the site and building.

5.1 Land Use

- 5.1.1 The proposal will seek to achieve a full planning permission for the change of use from a barn/stable to a residential dwelling.
- 5.1.2 The remainder of the site and its' surroundings are primarily open countryside sites and semi-detached housing in single occupation.

5.2 Amount

5.2.1 The scheme comprises of a single detached ground and first floor barn with an annex and is to be converted into a dwelling along with garden and paddock area. The structure of the building is suitable for conversion to a dwelling and does not involve any radical changes both internally and to the exterior façade.

5.3 Layout

- 5.3.1 The closest neighbouring property is Sunny Bank Cottage, which is already occupied by the applicant. Redhill House also lies within close proximity but is unaffected by the proposal. The design shows that all existing window and door openings have been retained where possible.
- 5.3.2 The building stands within its' own curtilage and is set back from the road. This is a feature typical of area with street parking been limited or permitted. In relation to other properties the existing access will be able serve the new dwelling as well as all remaining outbuildings.

- 5.3.3 The internal layout of the building will be fairly traditional incorporating a lounge, kitchen, bedroom and bathroom on the ground floor, with a second bedroom and bathroom at first floor.
- 5.3.4 Following the conversion, it is of general opinion that the overall security of the site and the remaining outbuildings will improve.

5.4 Scale

5.4.1 The scale of the building will remain unaffected, as the proposal is to convert the existing barn to a dwelling.

5.5 Landscaping

- 5.5.1 The site is located close to the centre of Hackness, with several residential and farm properties nearby. The area is surrounded by mature trees, hedges, stone walls, gardens and grass paddocks with large areas of deciduous and coniferous forestry on the steep dale sides within the vicinity. These provide attractive areas for wildlife and will remain unaffected by the proposal.
- 5.5.2 The tarmac drive is to be retained, as existing, to offer access to the barn. All remaining trees and shrubbery in the surrounding area will be unaffected. The front of the site is predominantly grass and it is proposed to plant a series of trees to enhance compliment the surrounding area.
- 5.5.3 The driveway is separated from the site by dry stone walls and a combination of wood and mesh fencing.

5.6 Appearance

- 5.6.1 The architectural style of the area is typically traditional 18th/19th century cottages thus to compliment such properties the materials to be used will include parapet walls with stone copings and pantile roofs leading to cast iron gutters. Windows will be fitted in Yorkshire sliding sash style with doors also taking on a traditional look.
- 5.6.2 Please refer to the illustrative design scheme accompanying the application as it reflects how the development can be undertaken to preserve the character and design.

5.7 Access

5.7.1 The site layout indicates how the existing access will serve the proposed barn conversion. A separate application will be submitted for a new access to Sunny Bank Cottage, which will minimise any additional impact the new barn conversion will have on the local community.

- 5.7.2 Access to the proposed dwelling will be provided on level ground and will be in accordance with current Building Regulations to ensure safety and ease of access/use for all users.
- 5.7.3 With local shops being in scarce supply Hackness is largely served by a variety of mobile services, which can gain access to the site via the existing driveway to Sunny Bank. The site is also close to a small village school, a church and a local bus stop on a fairly level route either on foot of by bicycle.
- 5.7.4 The dwelling will accommodate all users by including those with disabilities and/or visual impairments. This can be achieved through additional external lighting and level access to the dwelling, however, one could provide for additional facilities if so required.

6.0 CONCLUSION

- 6.1 The fundamental issue regarding this proposal is largely concerned with the environmental impact of the conversion with consideration being given to the wildlife, in particular bat species. Following the environmental assessment, under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981, it was documented that no evidence of bats either roosting or creating breeding colonies was recorded and thus there would be little no impact during nesting season as a result of the proposed development. Adjacent buildings also confirmed this finding, which are of similar nature and age.
- 6.2 Findings also showed that the outbuildings used for storage are in a good state of repair and it is noted that the repairs to the roof have been carried out to as to effectively exclude bats or birds by rebuilding the walls tops with solid block work. In conjunction with this all timbers within the roof space had been treated liberally with preservative, which can help act as a deterrent to bat species.
- 6.3 The conversion will ensure that the barn will remain in a good state of repair and will continue to safeguard the existing street scene. There will be no material change to the use of the access, thus resulting in domestic vehicles being able to continue utilising the existing driveway.
- 6.4 This barn is a fine example of its type and the architectural details and style will be preserved following its development.

7.0 APPENDICIES











BUILDINGS AT SUNNY BANK COTTAGE

HACKNESS

SCARBOROUGH

NORTH YORKSHIRE

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT RELATING TO DEVELOPMENT

PROPOSALS

FOR

Mrs IVY STUART

<u>Per</u>

ROBERT FARROW (DESIGN) LTD

NYMNPA

20 OCT 2008

CONTENTS

- a. Introduction
- b. Summary
- c. Issues
- d. Site Description
- e. Survey Method
- f. Survey Result
- g. Discussion
- h. Conclusion and Recommendation
- i. Mitigation Proposals

Reference and Bibliography

Appendix 1

Bats and the Law

Site Plan

Introduction

Julian Hall Environmental have been instructed by Mrs Ivy Stuart of Sunny Bank Cottage, Hackness, Scarborough YO13 0JW to carry out an environmental assessment on the buildings at Sunny Bank, where it is proposed to develop the buildings as an residence. Verbal briefing was given, together with copy of the plan relating to the proposed development of the site provided by Robert Farrow (Design) Ltd.

Summary

No evidence of habitation by <u>Bat species</u> was recorded, either in hibernation or as a roosting and breeding site, but subject to the limitations of the season. Currently occupied <u>Swallow's nests</u> were found, but no signs of occupation by <u>House Martins or Barn Owls</u> were found.

Issues

The buildings are submitted as application for planning consent for change of use of the range of buildings to a residential use, to the local planning authority, North York Moors National Park Authority under reference no. NYM/2007/0729/NEW. Correspondence between the Council's Planning Officer and Conservation Officer record the concern that no adequate information had been presented concerning the impact of the proposal upon legally protected species, in particular bat species, that may be present in any of the buildings. Advice is given to applicants that a detailed survey is required to accompany any application involving buildings that could provide habitat for any protected species to ascertain the presence of species protected by the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (WCA81) as amended. Full details of the method of survey and its findings should be submitted to and agreed in writing with the local planning authority.

The principal issues arising from the proposal regarding species or habitats protected under the above legislation were as discussed with the Council's Conservation Officer. It was agreed that these will relate principally to the presence of <u>Bat</u> species within the buildings, and also the likely impact on their habitat by the proposed development, the possible destruction during the nesting season of any bird nests, most notably <u>Swallow</u> and <u>House Martin</u>, and the likely disturbance of <u>Barn Owls</u> that may use the outbuilding as a nesting site or roost.

Under the terms of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981, as extended by the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000, and the provisions of the Conservation (Natural Habitats etc.)Regulations 1994, bats are protected species, and it is an offence to damage or destroy a breeding site or resting place of any bat. Under S.1 of the 1981 Act, all birds nest are protected whilst they are in use, i.e. in the breeding season.

Site Description

The site for the development proposal comprises the range of buildings at Sunny Bank, Hackness, currently including the two storey barn and adjoining store and

stable, all dating from the late 18th or early 19th century (Frontispiece). The buildings consist of a stone-built barn used on the ground floor as a garage and adjoining store and with a full length storage floor above and including the roof space. Adjoining the barn on the south end is a small range of single storey loose boxes used for stabling and poultry. All are currently in general use. The whole range is roofed with clay pantiles. The subject buildings form part of a larger group of similar buildings close by.

The site stands in the centre of the village, with several residential and farm properties nearby, and is surrounded by mature trees and hedges, gardens and grass paddocks, with large areas of deciduous and coniferous forestry and scrub woodland on the steep dale sides in the vicinity. It is located at Grid Ref: SE967901, at a height of about 50m above sea level. The whole group of outbuildings is in good condition, having been re-roofed with the original clay tiles, using bituminous underfelt. The wall tops have also been restored and sealed off for access by birds and probably for bats.

At the rear of the buildings a range of lean-to sheds used for garaging and storage has been erected against the back wall, but are not included in the application. These are constructed in concrete block with steel sheet roofs. The garage section has been lined with a fibre-board insulation. A site plan of the building is attached as an annex to this report for reference.

Survey Method

A desk survey will be made to find what information exists for bats inhabiting either the proposal site or the surrounding area in the village, by contact with the North and East Yorkshire Ecological Data Centre and the North Yorkshire Bat Group.

Habitation by <u>Bat species</u> will be examined from evidence of droppings and insect remains, as well as a search for roosting sites within the masonry of the structure. Since at the time of the inspection, female bats will no longer be nursing young it will not be possible to detect bats emerging from roosts to feed after dusk, although it may be possible to find further evidence of their presence by sight and by recording the echolocation signals given by bats in flight while feeding.

Where bats have left a nursing roost it may be expected that there will still be signs of occupation shown by significant quantities of droppings around access points, with staining marks from urine and grease from fur around access holes. The visual inspection of the structure will be assisted by using an endoscope to inspect within wall fissures where accessible.

An evening bat watch will be carried out from sunset for at least one hour to listen and to watch for female bats emerging from roosts, using Batbox Duet heterodyne and frequency division detector recording echo-location shouts by bats to MP3 recorder for Batsound computer analysis.

Birds

Given the time of year, when birds are no longer nesting, a search of the inside and outside of the buildings will be made to check for any nests that remain or have been

20 9CT 2008

in use in the recent nesting season. This will give evidence of any species that may have recently used the buildings, in particular the migrant species including <u>Swallow</u> and <u>House Martin</u>, but also for the presence of overwintering birds such as <u>Wren</u> and <u>Robin</u>.

<u>Barn Owls</u> may use the outbuildings both for nesting and roosting, and the specific evidence of roosting by signs of regurgitated pellets containing small mammal remains will be searched for.

Conclusions resulting from the findings of the survey will provide the basis of recommendations relating to the proposals, insofar as they may affect the habitat of the species above mentioned, together with proposals for measures to mitigate any negative effects that are likely to be caused to the wildlife by the proposed operations involved.

It should be noted that a single survey at any time of year will only provide a "snapshot" of the full range of conditions that may exist on a given site, although a reasonable set of conclusions may be drawn from the result of such a survey.

Survey Result

The property was visited on Friday 5 October 2007. The ambient temperature was around 12deg.C. in calm dry weather conditions.

Evidence from the Data Centre shows that several roosts have been recorded in the village but none has been shown at the proposal site.

The outbuildings are used for storage and a garage cum workshop and are in a good state of repair. As noted above the repairs to the roof have been carried out so as to effectively exclude bats or birds from the building by rebuilding the wall tops with solid block work, although bats could still gain access to holes in the walls, which remain unpointed. It was noted that in the roof space of the barn all timbers had been treated liberally with a type of preservative which is still giving off some odour of evaporation. This may be toxic to bats as well as to wood-boring insects.

A search of the masonry of all the buildings revealed no evidence of bats roosting, and no signs of breeding colonies or roosting sites, despite the open nature of the roofs and windows, which allow free access for bats. A few droppings, identified as those of <u>Pipistrelle</u> bats, were found on surfaces of stored materials in the lean-to shed, showing that bats were flying into the space for feeding.

The quantities of spiders webs covering the walls and parts of the roofs, in particular around the ridges, of all the buildings appear to show that there has been little disturbance by bats either entering the cracks between bricks for hibernation or searching for insects. No signs of feeding remains, usually in the form of butterfly wings, were found in any parts of the buildings, and no further quantities of bat droppings that might indicate an active bat roost.

Inspection was also carried out using an endoscope in the many cracks and crevices in most parts of the buildings, but without any further evidence of either hibernating bats or their use of spaces within for roosting in summer.

The evening bat watch between 1845 and 1945hrs showed very little activity in spite of the presence in the close vicinity of mature trees, and the river Derwent about 200m away. Occasional signs of passing Common Pipistrelle bats (*Pipistrellus pipistrellus*) were detected, although they were not feeding in the area within some 50m of the buildings. Less easy to identify was the possibility of Brown Long-eared bats (*Plecotus auritus*) heard indistinctly as they passed on several occasions. No bats were seen to emerge from any part of the subject buildings.

Observation of the adjacent buildings, which are of similar age and construction, was included in the watch to see whether bats may also be using it for roosting, but none were seen to emerge during the watch.

Inspection of the buildings showed a small number of <u>Swallows</u>' nests in the roof and beams of the open store shed that had been in use in the current nesting season. No signs of <u>House Martin</u> nests were to be seen. No other birds such as <u>Wren or Robin</u> were seen to be using the buildings for shelter. No nests were visible from any vantage points into the main roof area of the buildings from the field above the buildings.

A search for <u>Barn Owl</u> roosts, shown by typical nests or by the pellets containing regurgitated bones and fur of small mammals, provided no evidence of their use of either of the buildings.

Examination of the vegetation in the area surrounding the property proved to consist mainly of a mixture of typical garden trees, shrubs and plants, with several mature trees in the adjoining gardens, common to the local type of soil conditions. Trees and hedges are in the immediate vicinity around the site area, with dense deciduous forestry on the steep hillside immediately behind the farmstead, and many of these are mature and well grown. These would provide attractive areas for feeding on a plentiful supply of insects for both bird and bat species, as well as from the surrounding fields and buildings. They will also provide important "commuting routes" between roosts and food sources further afield from the buildings.

Discussion

The lack of evidence of <u>bats</u> using the buildings appears to indicate that they are not being used as a breeding colony site, for which the evidence would be shown as fairly large and obvious quantities of bat droppings. There was also a lack of insect remains in any significant quantity, such as the wings of moths and butterflies, as left-overs from feeding. The lack of disturbance to the many cobwebs in all parts of the buildings indicates the lack of activity by bats for feeding or other access.

Many of the holes in the walls were large enough to accommodate numbers of bats in hibernation without any overt exterior signs of entry. However there is no sign of constant use for roosting as would be shown by quantities of droppings, and urine stains and grease marks from fur, around individual holes. Although endoscopic

examination of some of the accessible fissures in the stonework revealed no evidence of roosting bats, such holes offer considerable potential for isolated males that tend to live solitary lives except during the autumn mating period.

The use of timber preservative during the re-roofing on most of the new joists and retained original roof timbers is a possible indication of the reason for absence of any wildlife in the upper floor. The material used cannot be identified, but may not have been one of the more recent types designed to be non-toxic to wildlife.

It should be noted that under S.1 of the WCA81, all <u>birds' nests</u> are protected whilst in use, that is to say in the nesting season between April and September, although it is legal to destroy nest that are not in use, i.e. outside the nesting season. The implication here is that where nests are likely to resume use, birds should be excluded from returning to the site in the spring by closing off all entrance points, or indeed to ensure that work has commenced before they return.

In spite of the probably adequate supply of small rodents inhabiting the surrounding buildings, gardens and farm land, which might attract <u>Barn Owls</u> to the site, no signs were seen of them using the building. Barn Owls typically inhabit more isolated sites, which offer a roosting site further above ground level than in this case.

The vegetation in the area immediately surrounding the buildings is typical of the established garden flora, with some conventional arable land cultivation and mainly grassland in the surrounding fields. The trees, hedges and shrubs in the gardens in the village will provide good shelter and insect food supply for any remaining birds that overwinter around the site, and the many large and mature trees in the nearby valley could easily be used by bats as hibernation sites.

Conclusion and Recommendation

During the survey, no specific evidence was found to indicate <u>bats</u> were currently using the buildings for roosting, but the apparent absence of bat roosts or hibernation sites within the structure of the buildings cannot rule out the possibility of the use of deep crevices by individuals for hibernation, nor the use of the spaces for nursing colonies in the spring. The buildings may at any time provide sheltered space for bats to hunt for insects that have gathered there, or in larger buildings for socialisation, but this is not an indication that bats are roosting there.

It is clear that the proposal to effect the proposed change of use for the outbuildings will involve major structural alteration and repair to the structures, and that these will entail such operations as the fitting of insulation and wall panels, formation of new openings and wall pointing. These operations would be likely to disturb the habitat of hibernating or roosting bats, as well as the destruction of bird nests.

It is therefore recommended that should bats be found during building operations, work should immediately stop, and the Conservation Officer of Natural England be notified, and application made to the Department of the Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA) for written consent from them to proceed.

Mitigation proposals.

The applicant may wish to use some of the space in buildings that are not destined for use as main parts of any residence to make provision for bats to use for roosting or hibernation, since this can easily be provided without any compromise to the integrity of the roof spaces or other parts of the structure, and without detriment to their future residential use. Notes for the provision of special structures for this purpose are appended to this report for information.

The use of any of the buildings as a nesting site for <u>bird species</u> indicates the need to carry out reconstruction work outside the nesting season, i.e. between September and April, to avoid the risk of damaging nests in use. Birds are unlikely to insist on nesting in a building while work is going on before the nesting season starts, but if this cannot be avoided, it is recommended that measures be taken to exclude birds from the building from early in the season, i.e., from March onwards, until work is started.

No signs were noted of habitation by <u>Barn Owls</u> as a roost, so that there is little risk of them wishing to start. No mitigation proposals are therefore to be made.

Subject to the observations that result from our survey, it is our opinion that there is no major risk that might arise from any proposed development works that represent unacceptable risk of harm to any of the protected species or habitats described, that cannot be adequately mitigated as suggested above.

The above findings and recommendations are recorded as the basis for a proposal to ensure that all considerations are met concerning wildlife on the site that is given protection under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981, so as to obtain the release of any conditions imposed in the grant of Planning Consent given for the overall development of the site by the applicant. They form part of the report resulting from the survey carried out on behalf of Mrs Ivy Stuart, whose sole property the report is.

Grateful acknowledgement is given for the expert advice of Mr and Mrs P Moodie, consultant biologists of the East Yorkshire Bat Group for their expert advice on the Bat population.

| Signed | J J Hall TD BSc | Dated | |
|--------|-----------------|-------|-------------|
| | | | |

Collingwood Fold Bridlington Road Sledmere Driffield YO25 3AQ

NYMNPA 20 OCT 2008

Reference:

Bat Mitigation Guidelines A J Mitchell-Jones

EnglishNature 2004

The Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981

HMSO

Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000

HMSO

Conservation (Natural Habitats etc.) Regulations 1994

HMSO

As amended 2007

BATS AND THE LAW APPENDIX I

All bats and their roosts are fully protected by the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 and the Conservation (National Habitats, etc.) Regulations 1994.

You must not intentionally:

- * Kill, injure, catch or keep bats
- * Damage, destroy or obstruct bat roosts
- * Disturb bats for example by entering known roosts or hibernation sites
- * Sell, barter or exchange bats, alive or dead

You must:

- * Consult English Nature before you do anything that might affect bats in their roosts. This might include:
- * Blocking, filling or installing grills over mines or tunnels
- Building alteration or maintenance work
- * Getting rid of unwanted bat colonies
- * Removal of hollow trees
- * Re-roofing
- * Remedial; timber treatment
- * Re-wiring or plumbing in roofs
- * Treatment of wasps, bees or cluster flies

NYMNPA 20 OCT 2008

Remember that because bats return to the same places year after year, a bat roost is protected even if there are no bats there at the time.

The law allows you to tend disabled bats, kill seriously injured ones and disturb bats in the living area of a house.

Other activities, such as catching, ringing or photographing bats or disturbing them while roosting, can be licensed by English Nature provided they are for scientific, educational or conservation reasons.

This explanation should be regarded only as a guide to the law. For further details reference should be made to Sections 9-11, 16-27, and 69 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981.

Information as to the provision of Bat boxes and other aids to habitation by bats can be obtained by contacting a local Bat Group (01482 844800) or by contacting the bat Conservation Trust (www.bats.org)

Suggested Bat Access Holes in roofs.

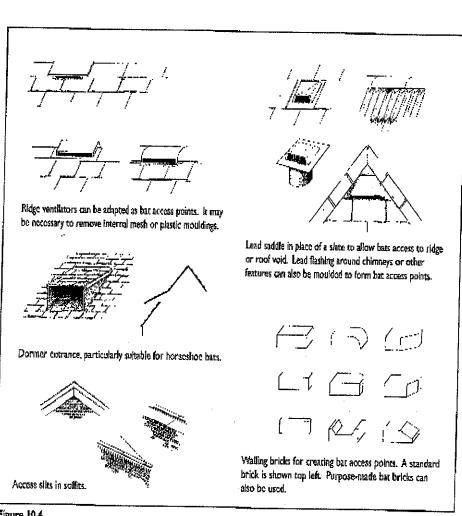
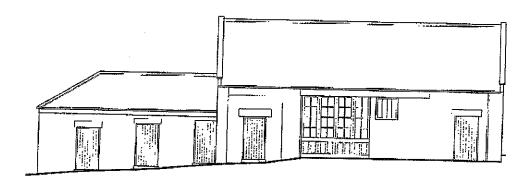


Figure 10,4

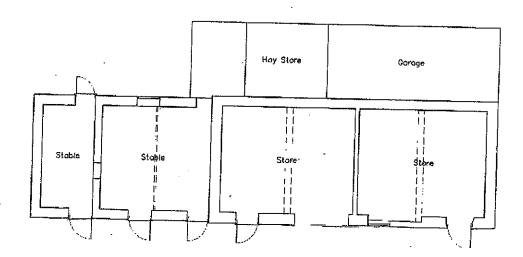
But access holes. Horseshoe buts prefer to fly into their roosts, but only small holes or stots are needed for other species and this also helps to deter colonisation by birds.

Eine dann han forte and the

Site Plan (No scale)



Existing Front Elevation





VISUAL STRUCTURAL INSPECTION

FOR

PROPOSED CONVERSION OF BARN TO FORM DWELLING

AT

LAND ADJACENT TO SUNNY BANK HACKNESS NORTH YORKSHIRE

FOR

MRS I STUART SUNNY BANK HACKNESS NORTH YORKSHIRE YO13 0JW

PROJECT REF:

Ŋ.

24049 / CMA / SEPT 08

CONSULTING ENGINEERS:

GABBITAS GILL PARTNERSHIP LTD

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

PRIORY TEC PARK

SAXON WAY HESSLE HULL

HU13 9PB

NYMNPA

19 DEC 2008

We have not inspected structural elements not specifically referred to in this report or other parts of the structure which are covered, unexposed or inaccessible and we are therefore unable to report that any such part of the property is free from defect.

^{*} NEW - Asbestos and Toxic mould not covered.

1.0 Date of Inspection

16th September 2008

2.0 Brief

GGP Ltd were instructed by Mrs I Stuart to undertake a visual structural inspection on the above property with a view to commenting on its adequacy for conversion to form a dwelling.

3.0 Background

The existing buildings are part single storey and part two storey and are currently used as stables and storage buildings. The walls are solid stone and the roof is tiled.

4.0 Observations

4.1 Single storey section:-

The single storey section has solid stone walls with 3 single doors on the front elevation providing access into the stables and a single door and window on the rear elevation. The roof construction is tiles over felt and timber rafters.

The walls appear in a reasonable condition with some minor repointing required in places.

The roof is also in a reasonable condition and is not showing signs of major sagging or deterioration.

The floors to the stables are concrete, however these are extremely unlikely to have any form of DPM or insulation and will therefore require replacement. In addition, the floors within the stable block are at different levels and would have required levelling in any case.

The lintels over the doors are timber. These appear in a reasonable condition, however they should be inspected for infestation or rot during the refurbishment works and replaced as necessary.

NYMNPA

19 DEC 2008

4.2 <u>Two storey section:</u>-

The two storey section is of a similar construction to the single storey section, with stone walls containing 2 access doors and one larger sliding door on the front elevation.

The roof construction is tiles on felt on timber rafters over large timber trusses/ frames.

The walls appear in a reasonable condition with some minor re pointing required in places.

The roof is in a reasonable condition and is showing no signs of major sagging or deterioration, and no internal leaks were observed.

The rafters are supported on timber purlins which are in turn supported on a large timber truss. The bottom chord of this truss is a large timber beam at floor level, which also supports the timber floor joists.

The first floor joists appear in a good condition, however their size is not sufficient to comply with the British Standard loading requirements for domestic floors.

It will therefore be necessary to replace the timber joists. In addition, although the timber beam which supports these floor joists appears substantial, it would be prudent to install two new steel beams (one each side of the timber beam) to support the timber joists.

The ground floor slab is concrete, however the finished floor level is different in each storage unit. In addition, as per the single storey section, this floor is unlikely to have any DPM or insulation and the floor should be replaced to incorporate these elements.

The lintels over the doors are timber. Whilst these appear in a reasonable condition, they should be inspected for infestation and rot during the refurbishment works and replaced as necessary.

NYMNPA

19 DEC 2008

5.0 <u>Conclusions/ Recommendations</u>

The barns are generally in a good structural condition, however the following works should be undertaken to enable structural compliance with current building regulations for the proposed conversion to a dwelling.

- Remove existing concrete floors and replace with new concrete floor incorporating a damp proof membrane and kingspan rigid board insulation or similar approved.
- ii) Remove existing first floor joists and replace with new timber floor joists appropriately sized to accommodate domestic floor loading.
- liii) Install new steel beams each side of the existing timber beam at 1st floor level to support the new timber floor joists and relieve the load on the existing timber beam.
- iv) Inspect existing stonework and repoint any areas of loose/ missing mortar as necessary.
- v) Line the internal skin of the stone walls to provide adequate insulation levels to comply with current building regulations.

vi) Inspect existing timber lintels for rot or infestation and treat or replace as necessary.

Yours

For GABBITAS GILL PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

Dire

C.Eng., MIStructE.

NYMNPA

19 DEC 2008

Draft - 15/12/08

Planning Supporting Statement - Sunny Bank, Hackness.

The proposal is for the conversion of an existing barn to provide residential accommodation.

Policies in the recently adopted Core Strategy in relation to Housing (Core Policy J) and Conversion of Traditional Rural Buildings (Development Policy 8) are relevant in the determination of this application.

Core Policy J - Housing — states that a mix of housing types and tenures will be sought to maintain the vitality of local communities, consolidate support for services and facilities and support the delivery of more affordable housing. It will be delivered by locating all open market housing including new build and conversions, in the main built up area of Helmsley and the Service Villages.

The proposed barn conversion is located in Hackness which is not a Service Village.

Section 2 of Core Policy J states – supporting the development of local needs housing located on infill sites or as a conversion of an existing building within the main built up area of Local Service villages or Other Villages.

Hackness is identified as an Other Village. The barn the subject of the application is located within the main built up area of Hackness and therefore complies with the locational aspects of the policy.

The policy goes on to consider occupancy of housing and states that the occupancy will be restricted to – people who are currently living in the National Park, and have done so for more than 5 years, people who do not live in the Park but have a strong and long standing link with the local community, people who have an essential need to move to live close to relatives currently living within the Park, people who require support for reasons of age or infirmity, or, people who need to live in the Park as a result of current sole employment.

The applicant has lived within the National Park, in Sunny Bank, Hackness for more than 20 years and has been a widow far approximately ten years. The proposed conversion would be to provide either accommodation for herself, or to be rented out to provide an income. In the event that the applicant occupied the converted barn, Sunny Bank would be either sold or rented.

In either case, there will be the requirement to control by way of either a condition or a legal agreement the occupiers of the conversion or the existing property.

NYMNPA

19 DEC 2008

Paragraph 9.8 in the supporting text to Core Policy J states that there is an overall requirement to demonstrate that there are no suitable properties available within the existing housing stock to meet the need and that the proposal is the most appropriate means of meeting that need. It also states there a number of potential ways of demonstrating a need for a dwelling in a particular locality and goes on to say guidance is being produced on how to meet this requirement in a Supplementary Planning Document.

NYMNPA 19 DEC 2008