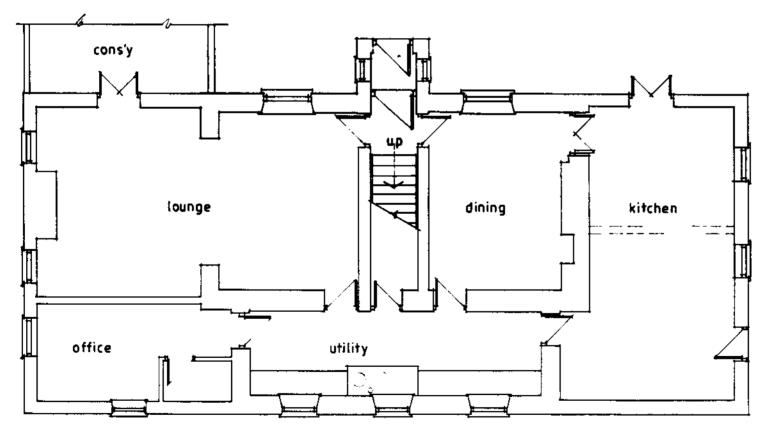


FIRST FLOOR



GROUND FLOOR

NYMNPA -3 OCT 2008

Proposed extensions to dwelling and conversion of barn to holiday cottage **Project**

Location : Coopers Farm, Aislaby Side, Egton, Whitby

Clients Mr & Mrs G Swift

Title Existing floor plans of house **BELL-SNOXELL ASSOCIATES LTD**

Chartered Surveyor, Architectural & Planning Consultants Barclays Bank House, Baxtergate, Whitby, N. Yorks YO21 1BW

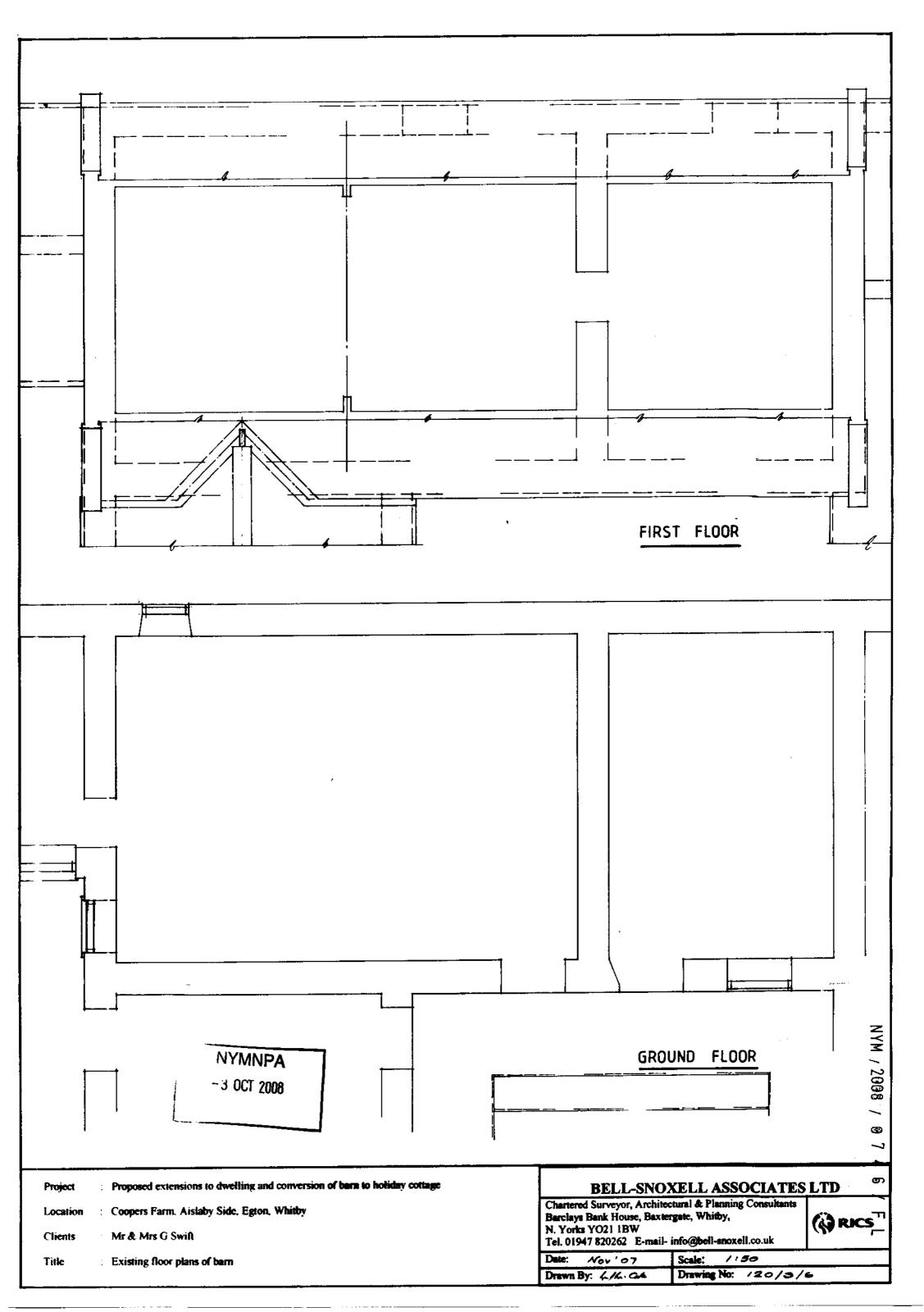
Drawn By: 4/4 Ca4

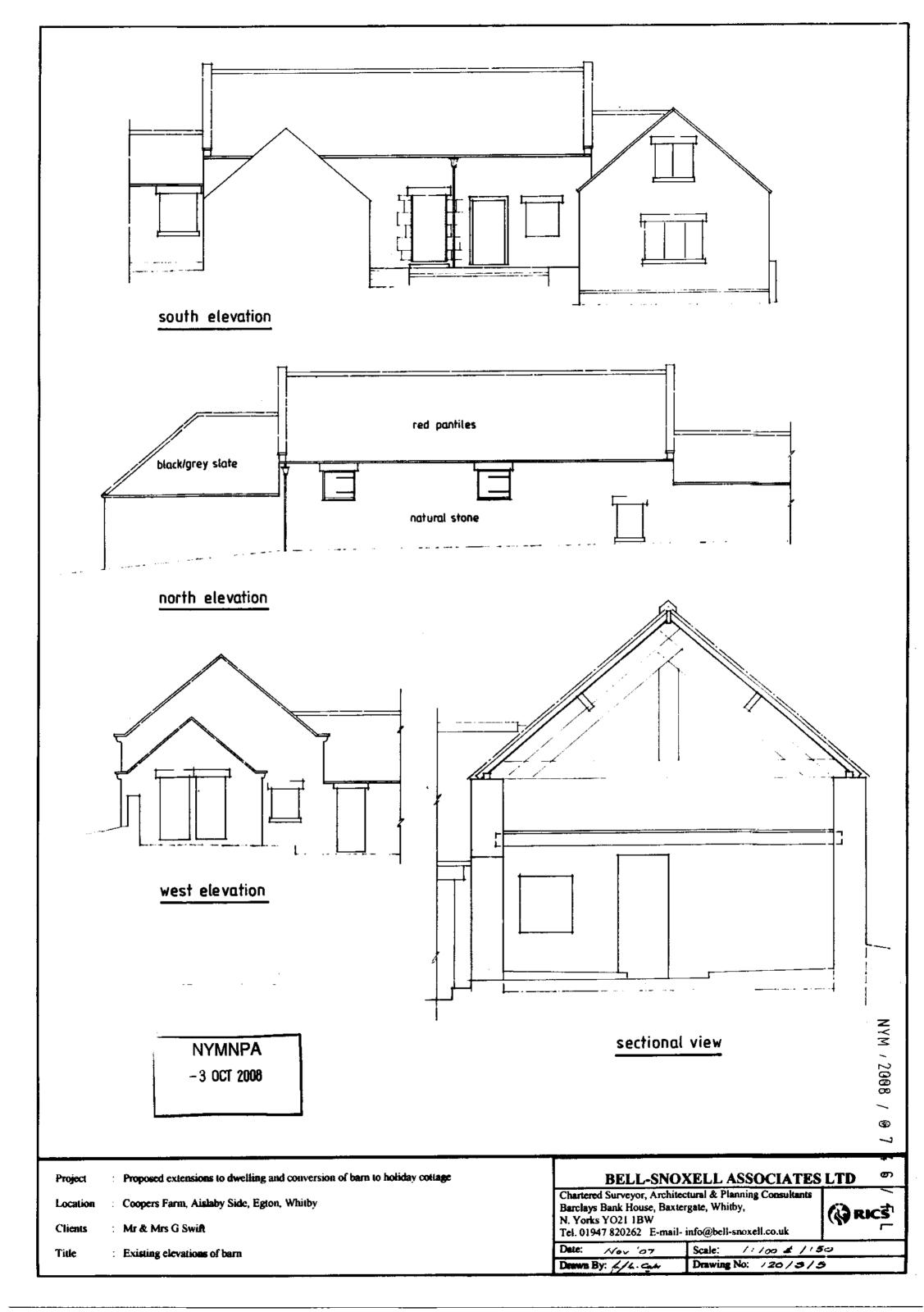
Tel. 01947 820262 E-mail- info@bell-snoxell.co.uk

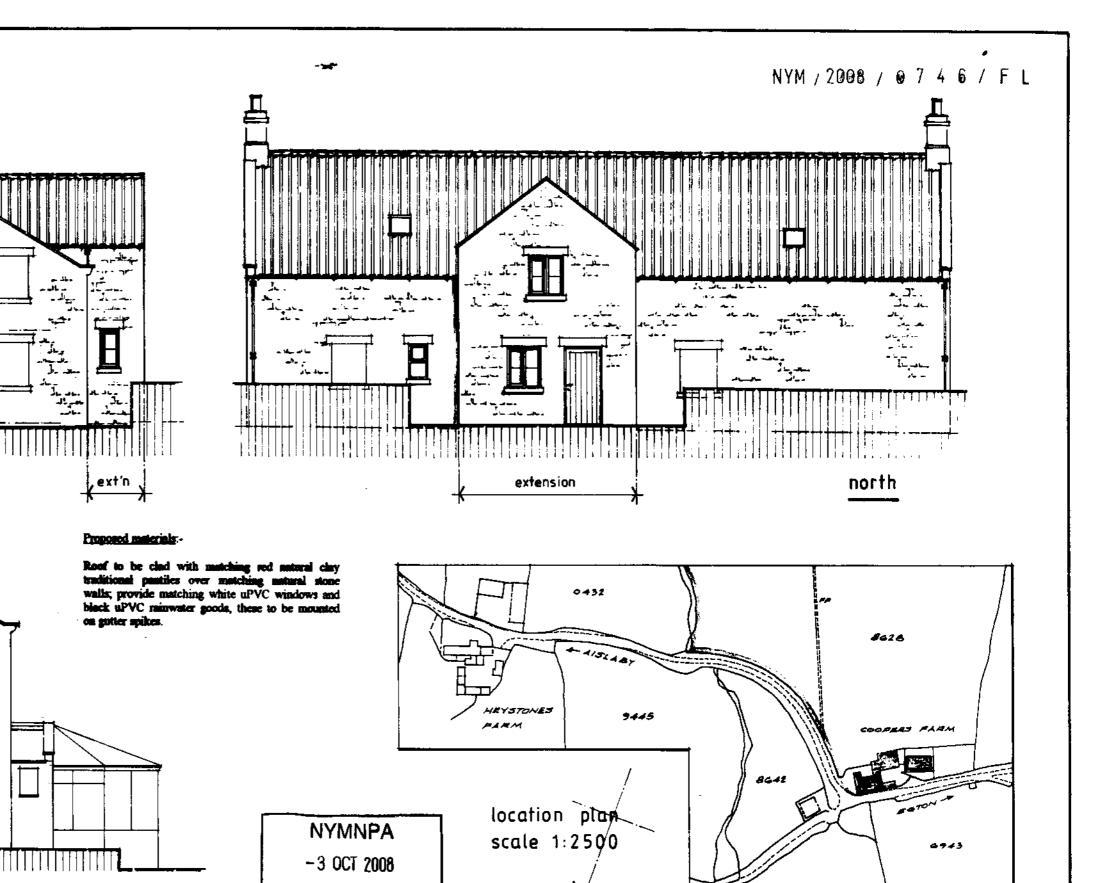


Scale: 160 07

1:1m Drawing No: 120/3/2







Project : Proposed extensions to dwelling and conversion of barn to holiday cottage

west

east

Location : Coopers Farm, Aislaby Side, Egion, winney

Clients : Mr & Mrs G Swift

Title : Proposed elevations of house

BELL-SNOXELL ASSOCIATES LTD

Chartered Surveyor, Architectural & Planning Consultants Barclays Bank House, Baxtergate, Whitby, N. Yorks YO21 1BW

Tel. 01947 820262 E-mail- info@bell-snoxell.co.uk



 Date:
 Aug '08
 Scale:
 1:100

 Drawn By:
 L/L-C4
 Drawing No:
 120 / 8 / 1



Grid ner NZ82807,07393

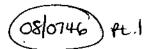
2. Agent Name and Address

MR

First name: MIKE

Bondgate
Helmsley

York
Y062 5BP



Telephone: 01439 770657 Email: dc@northyorkmoors-npa.gov.uk Website: www.moors.uk.net

Application for Planning Permission. Town and Country Planning Act 1990

Publication of planning applications on council websites

Please note that with the exception of applicant contact details and Certificates of Ownership, the information provided on this application form and in supporting documents may be published on the council's website.

If you have provided any other information as part of your application which falls within the definition of personal data under the Data Protection Act which you do not wish to be published on the council's website, please contact the council's planning department.

Title:

Please complete using block capitals and black ink.

1. Applicant Name and Address

Title:

It is important that you read the accompanying guidance notes as incorrect completion will delay the processing of your application.

	SWIFT		Last name:	MCCABE
Company (optional):			Company (optional):	BELL SHOXELL ASSOCIATES LTD
Unit:	House number: House suffix:		Unit:	House House suffix:
House name:	COOPERS FARM		House name:	BARCLAYS BANK HOUSE
Address 1:	AISLARY SIDE		Address 1:	214 BAXTERGATE
Address 2:	EGTON		Address 2:	
Address 3:			Address 3:	
Town:	WHITEY		Town:	WHITBY
County:	NORTH YORKS		County:	NORTH YORKS
Country:	U.K.		Country:	U.K.
Dagean day	Y021 140		Postcode:	Y021 15W
Postcode:			Posicode:	1021 18W
3. Descri	ption of Proposed Works tribe the proposed works: PITION OF TWO STORMY EXTENDED TAIRWAY PROPOSAL FOR CONTINUED PROPOSAL FOR CONTINUED	r 76 .	TO REAR	WALL OF HOUSE TO PROVIDE

Carried State	LI LESS CALCIUS	- Participal Called States and American
Please provi	ide the full postal address of the application site.	Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local
Unit:	House House	authority about this application?
,	number: suffix:	NYM / 2008 / @ 7 4 6 / F L
House name:	COOPERS FARM	If Yes, please complete the following information about the advice
Address 1:	AISLASY SIDE	you were given. (This will help the authority to deal with this application more efficiently).
Address 2:	EGTON	Please tick if the full contact details are not known, and then complete as much as possible:
Address 3:		Officer name:
		MRS V. A. DILCOCK
Town:	WHITSY	Reference:
County: Postcode	NORTH YORKS	ASM /ENQ 2839
(optional):		
Description (must be co	n of location or a grid reference. Completed if postcode is not known):	Date (DD/MM/YYYY): (must be pre-application submission) 25/07/2008
Easting:	Northing:	Details of pre-application advice received?
Description	1;	MATTERS OF DESIGN AGREED
		1111
[]][[
6 Podost	rian and Vehicle Access Roads and Rights of Wa	7. Waste Storage and Collection
	altered vehicle access proposed he public highway? Yes No Unknow	Do the plans incorporate areas to store and aid the collection of waste?
	altered pedestrian	n n
access prop	posed to or from	If Yes, please provide details:
the public h		ADJACENT OUTBUILDING
	ny new public roads to be vithin the site? Yes No Unknow	,
'	ny new public	
rights of wa	ay to be provided	_
	djacent to the site? Yes No Unknow	
	posals require any diversions	Have arrangements been made
	ments and/or Yes No Unknow	
	vered Yes to any of the above questions, please show	collection of recyclable waste?
details on y	your plans/drawings and state the reference of the plan	If Yes, please provide details:
(a), a,	J=1-1	NYMNPA
		INTIVINEA
		-3 OCT 2008
	•	
8. Neigh	bour and Community Consultation	9. Council Employee / Member
Have you c	onsulted your neighbours or	Is the applicant or agent related to any member of staff or elected
	ommunity about the proposal? Yes No	member of the Council?
If Yes pleas	se provide details:	If Yes, please provide details:
<u></u>		

f applicable, please state what materials are to be used externally. Include type, colour and name for each material:							
	Existing NYM / (where applicable)	2008 / @ 7 4 6 / F L	Not applicable	Don't Prawing references if applicable			
Walls	NATURAL STONE	MATCHING NATURAL STAN					
Roof	RED CLAY PANTILES	RED CLAY PANTILES					
Windows	TMBER	TIMBER, ONE BROWN TO MATCH EXISTING COTTAG REMAMORE PAINTED WITT	.5 ,				
Doors	TIMBER	GLAZED TIMBER PANITER BROWN					
Boundary treatments (e.g. fences, walls)							
Vehicle access and hard-standing							
Lighting			Ð				
Others (please specify)							
If Yes, please state refe	rences for the plan(s)/drawing(s)/design			Yes N			
# # \$ \$74	TEMENT, DWG'S 120/S,	11 THEO'S INC. 4 BATSODFE	+ ENG	WEER'S REPORTS			
1. Vehicle Parkir							
	rmation on the existing and proposed n	umber of on-site parking spaces:					
Type of Vehic	7-1-1	Total proposed (including spaces retained)		Difference in spaces			
Cars	MM. 6	MIN. 6		-			
Light goods veh	icles/ hicles	,					
Motorcycle			NYMN	PA			
Disability space	ces	-	3 OCI 7	2008			
Cycle space	s ,						
Other (e.g. Bu	us)						
Other (e.g. Bu	us)						

12. Foul Sewage	B. ASSESSMENT OF HOLD HALL
Please state how foul sewage is to be disposed of:	Is the site within an area at risk of flooding? (Refer to the Environment Agency's Flood Map showing flood zones 2 and 3 and
. Mains sewer Cess pit	consult Environment Agency standing advice and your local planning authority requirements for information as necessary.)
Septic tank Other NY	/2008/0746/FL Yes PNO
Package treatment plant Unknown	If Yes, you will need to submit a Flood Risk Assessment to consider the risk to the proposed site.
Are you proposing to connect to the existing drainage system?	Is your proposal within 20 metres of a watercourse (e.g. river, stream or beck)? Yes No
If Yes, please include the details of the existing system on the application drawings and state references for the	Will the proposal increase the flood risk elsewhere? Yes No Unknow
plan(s)/drawing(s):	How will surface water be disposed of?
	Sustainable drainage system Existing watercourse
	Soakaway Pond/lake
	Main sewer Unknown
14. Biodiversity and Geological Conservation	15. Existing Use
Is there a reasonable likelihood of the following being affected	Please describe the current use of the site:
adversely or conserved and enhanced within the application site, or on land adjacent to or near the application site? a) Protected and priority species:	DWELLING AND HOLIPAY COTTAGES
Yes, on the development site	Is the site currently vacant?
Yes, on land adjacent to or near the proposed development	Is the site currently vacant? If Yes, please describe the last use of the site:
₽ No	
b) Designated sites, important habitats or other biodiversity features:	
Yes, on the development site	When did this use end (if known)?
Yes, on land adjacent to or near the proposed development	(date where known may be approximate)
PNO .	Does the proposal involve any of the following: Land which is known to be contaminated? Yes
c) Features of geological conservation importance:	Land where contamination is suspected for all or part of the site?
Yes, on the development site	A proposed use that would
Yes, on land adjacent to or near the proposed development	be particularly vulnerable to the presence of contamination?
E No	If you have answered Yes to any of the above, you will need to submit an appropriate contamination assessment.
16. Trees and Hedges	17. Trade Effluent
Are there trees or hedges on the	Does the proposal involve the need to
And/or: Are there trees or nedges on land adjacent to the	If Yes, please describe the nature, rolland, and incard of disposal
droposed development, site that could influence the development or might be important as part of the local landscape character?	of trade effluents or waste
if ites to either or both of the above, you will need to provide a full	NYMNPA
Tree Survey with accompanying plan before your application can be determined. Your Local Planning Authority should make clear out its website what the survey should contain, in accordance with the current 'BS5837: Trees in relation to construction - Recommendations'.	-3 OCT 2008
The continue to the continue t	Judite, stray/for in obtained a previous for its

Does your proposal in If Yes please complete	clude	th	ne ga	in, los	s or c	hange	e of use of	resider	ntial units? Yes	[Ü	} ↑	lo.			·	∡/ F	<u> </u>
· .	Prop	0:	sed	Hous	sing					Exi	sti	ng l	Hous	ing			
Market	No	t		Num:	ber of	Bedr	ooms	Total	Market	No	t		Num	ber of	Bedr	ooms	Tota
Housing	knov	۷n	1	2	3	4+	Unknown	,	Housing	knov	-	1	2	3	4+	Unknown	
Houses			<u> </u>	ļ	<u> </u>	ļ			Houses								
Flats and maisonettes	빝			ļ	ļ	<u> </u>			Flats and maisonettes								
Live-work units	빝		<u> </u>	ļ	ļ				Live-work units								
Cluster flats					<u> </u>	ļ			Cluster flats								-
Sheltered housing		:		ļ		_			Sheltered housing								
Bedsit/studios			<u> </u>	ļ					Bedsit/studios								
Unknown type			<u>L.,,</u>						Unknown type								
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Cluster flats	FI			†	 	 	-		Cluster flats	片			-		\vdash		┼
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Intermediate	No			Num	ber of	Bedr	ooms	Total	Intermediate	No	t		Num	ber of	Bedr	ooms	Total
	knov	νn	1	2	3	4+	Unknown			knov	MU	1	2	3	4+	Unknown	
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Flats and maisonettes	닏			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ	<u> </u>	:	Flats and maisonettes	₽.			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		:
Live-work units				<u> </u>	ļ				Live-work units								ļ
Cluster flats				<u> </u>	<u> </u>			· .	Cluster flats								
Sheltered housing					<u> </u>	<u> </u>			Sheltered housing								
Bedsit/studios				<u> ` </u>					Bedsit/studios			<u>. </u>					
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Key worker	No: knov		1	2	3	4+	Unknown		Key worker	No knov	- 1	1	Num 2	per or		ooms Unknown	Total
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Flats and maisonettes						 		.,	Flats and maisonettes					 		<u> </u>	
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Sheltered housing			-	\vdash		 		 	Sheltered housing	Ħ			-3	oci	200	R	
Bedsit/studios				\vdash		 	 	· · ·	Bedsit/studios	Ħ			-		200		\vdash
Unknown type			-		 	 	 		Unknown type	Ħ							
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Total existing resid	entia	l u	nits	7				<u> </u>	Total proposed	resi	de	ntial				y/ -	
(A+	B+ (_	<u> </u>				· _ ·		units (5	F	G +	H)	<u> </u>			 .	
								To	tal net gain / loss of re	siden	rtia	d uni	ts		ſ		
		_						_									

Does your proposal involve the loss, gain or change of use of non-residential floorspace?								
Does your proposal involve the loss, gain or change of use of non-residential floorspace? Yes No If you have answered Yes to the question above please add details in the following table? M / 2000 / 07 4 6 / F								
	se class/type of use		Existing gross internal floorspace (square metres)	Gross internal to be lost by	floorspace change of nolition	Total gross internal floorspace proposed (including change of use)(square metres)	Net additional gross internal floorspace	
Aī	Shops							
	Net tradable area:				-			
A2	Financial and professional services							
A3	Restaurants and cafes							
A4	Drinking establishments							
A5	Hot food takeaways							
B1 (a)	Office (other than A2)			-				
B1 (b)	Research and development				-			
B1 (c)	Light industrial							
B2	General industrial							
B8	Storage or distribution							
C1	Hotels and halls of residence							
C2	Residential institutions				-			
D1	Non-residential institutions							
D2	Assembly and leisure						·	
OTHER	Please specify							
-					·			
	Total		<u> </u>					
	dition, for hotels, resident						rooms	
Use class	Type of use Not applicable	Exist	ing rooms to be le of use or demolit	ost by change ion		s proposed (including anges of use)	Net additional rooms	
C1	Hotels			···	<u> </u>		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
C2	Residential Institutions						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Other	Hostels]							
Λ Em	ployment							
	omplete the following info	orma	tion regarding en	nployees: 🚜	15			
			Full-time	Part-		Total full-time	Not known	_
Exi	isting employees			1		equivalent	140t Kriowii	
Pro	posed employees							
	urs of Opening						<u> </u>	
Pleas	e state the hours of open		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ential use propo	osed: MA			
· <u></u>	Use Mo	onday	y to Friday	Saturday	<u> </u>	Sunday and Bank Holidays	NAW/ Walled	
-							3 OCT 2008	
-								_
2. Site	e Area							
lease sta	ate the site area in hectare	es (ha	0.3 ha	IPPROX				
						\$	Date: 2007/05/11 09:53:50 \$ \$Revision: 1.16	

23. Industrial or Commercial Proces	5 5 05	and M	achine	Ŋ				· .		
Please describe the activities and processes vibe carried out on the site and the end production, ventilation or air conditioning. Please is type of machinery which may be installed on		NYM / 20	908 / 0	7 4	Ġ.	/ F				
Is the proposal a waste management develo	•	_	Yes	No						
If the answer is Yes, Please complete the folio		-				1	 			
	Not applicable	The tincludi	ing engin rance for c	city of the void in eering surcharge cover or restoration d waste or litres if	and making no on material (or	Please pr annual ope the follow	erationa	al thro	ughpu	ıt of
Inert landfill						<u> </u>				
Inert landfill Non-hazardous landfill	뷔	<u> </u>								
Non-nazardous landfill Hazardous landfill	뭐	-				1				
Energy from waste incineration	붜	` 		<u> </u>						
Other incineration	붜	1				<u> </u>				
Landfill gas generation plant	뛰	<u> </u>				 				
	뭐					-				
Pyrolysis/gasification Metal recycling site	뭐	1				1				
Metal recycling site Transfer stations		 				-				
Material recovery/recycling facilities (MRFs)	뛰	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		 				
Household civic amenity sites	牌	\ <u></u>				 				-
Open windrow composting	牌	\ <u> </u>				 		<u></u>		
Open windrow composting In-vessel composting	牌	 				 				
	牌	!				 		<u> </u>	······	
Anaerobic digestion Any combined mechanical, biological and/	븯	<u> </u>			·-··	 				
Any combined mechanical, biological and/ or thermal treatment (MBT)	Ш	-								
Sewage treatment works	凹					1	 	<u> </u>		\Box
Other treatment	呾	!				<u> </u>	IYMI	-WE/	<u> </u>	\perp
Recycling facilities construction, demolition and excavation waste						<u> </u>	3 OCT	200	8	
Storage of waste										
Other waste management										
Other developments		1								
Please provide the maximum annual operat	ional	through	put of th	e following waste	e streams:					
Municipal										
Construction, demolition and e		ation								
Commercial and industr	rial			1						
Hazardous If this is a landfill application you will need t planning authority should make clear what	o pro	vide fun	ther infor	mation before yo	ur application ca	n be determi	ned. Y	our w	aste	
24. Hazardous Substances										
Does the proposal involve the use or storage the following materials in the quantities state			Yes	☐ No	Not applica	able				
If Yes, please provide the amount of each su		_	is involve	- d;						
Acrylonitrile (tonnes)			oxide (to	<u></u>]	Phosgene	e (tonn	es)		
Ammonia (tonnes) Hydrogen cyanide (to			ennes)	Su	ılphur dioxide	e (tonn	es)			
Bromine (tonnes)		Liquid o	xygen (to	nnes)		Flou	ır (tonn	es)		
Chlorine (tonnes) Lie	quid	petroleu	ım gas (to	nnes)	Refine	ed white suga	r (tonn	es)		
Other:				Other:						
Amount (kilograms):				Amount (kil	ograms):	\$Date: 200				

26. Planning Application Requiremen	its - Checkiss		· ·				
Please read the following checklist to make sure information required will result in your application the Local Planning Authority has been submitted	you have sent al	the information in su	apport of your proposal. Failure to e considered valid until all informat	submit all tion required by			
3 copies of a completed and dated application for		The correct	fee:	•			
copies of the plan which identifies the land to	_	3 copies of	3 copies of a design and access statement:				
the application relates drawn to an identified scale and showing the direction of North:	which	3 copies of the completed, dated Article 7					
3 copies of other plans and drawings or informat necessary to describe the subject of the applicat	tion ion:	3 copies of Ownership	the completed, dated Certificate (A, B, C, or D - as applic	able):			
27. Declaration							
/we hereby apply for planning permission/consinformation.	ent as described	in this form and the a	ccompanying plans/drawings and	additional			
Signed - Applicant:	Or signed - Age	nt:	Date (DD/MM/YYYY):				
*			02/10/2008	(date cannot be pre-application)			
			\$Date: 2007/05/11 09:	53:50 \$ \$Revision: 1.16 \$			

Telephone numbers Country code: National number: Extension number: Country code: Mobile number (optional): Country code: Fax number (optional):	
Email address (optional):	Email address (optional):
30. Site Visit	
Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridlewa	ay or other public land?
If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact? (Please select only one)	Agent Applicant Other (if different from the agent/applicant's details)
If Other has been selected, please provide:	
Contact name:	Telephone number:
Email address:	

NYMNPA

BELL SNOXELL ASSOCIATES LTD

Chartered Surveyor, Architectural & Planning Consultants
Barclays Bank House, Baxtergate, Whitby, North Yorkshire YO21 1BW
201947 820262 Fax 01947 820644

Mr A Muir Area Planning Officer North York Moors National Park The Old Vicarage Bondgate Helmsley York YO62 5BP

2 October 2008

Your Ref: ASM/ENQ2839

Our Ref: MJM/SA/S.2391

NYMNPA

-3 OCT 2008

Dear Mr Muir

Design & Access statement for addition of rear extension to main house and for a revised proposal for the conversion of barn to holiday cottage at Coopers Farm, Aislaby Side, Egton, Whitby, Mr & Mrs G Swift

The buildings, which are the subjects of the accompanying application, are of traditional stone and pantiled construction, dating back to the 19th century, and being originally a farmstead situated high on the north slope of the Esk Valley. The property is accessed via a private driveway, leading from the highway, and there is a substantial car park area which was created in fairly recent times.

The main house has been extended twice in the past twenty some years, which has resulted in a somewhat difficult access to the first floor area due to differing levels, and the principal entrance is located on the field-side of the house, away from the main approaches.

The applicants are seeking consent to address these short-comings by erecting a small two-storey extension on what is the rear wall of the house, using matching materials, to create a main entrance with hallway and new stairs giving access to the first floor. The submitted design has been produced in consultation with the National Park Planning Officers.

The barn which is also the subject of this application already has consent for a change of use to a holiday cottage but the approved design is considered to offer poor standards of accommodation in what is a very competitive market for holiday letting. The applicants are therefore seeking consent for a revised internal design which it is believed will produce an attractive and spacious environment for tourists. As with the house alterations, the submitted design has been produced through a process of consultation with the Planning Officers.

Cont/d..

Barrie G. Snoxell BA, FRICS, IHBC Stuart J. Emerson B.Sc., MRICS info@bell-snoxell.co.uk www.bell-snoxell.co.uk



Page 2 of 2

The present roof profile of the barn will be maintained and the ridge height will therefore remain as existing. The attached small outbuilding is already used for storage and offers adequate space to accommodate cycles, garden furniture and wheelie bins which might be associated with the holiday cottage use.

The existing access and parking arrangements will remain unchanged by the proposals, the existing means of drainage and services will similarly be unaffected.

For and on behalf of Mr & Mrs G Swift



NYMNPA

Richard Agar

Consulting Civil & Structural Engineers

BARCLAYS BANK HOUSE 21A BAXTERGATE WHITBY NORTH YORKSHIRE YO21 1BW

Reg in England No 2268579

www.richardagar.freeserve.co.uk/ http://home.btconnect.com/richardagar/ http://home2.btconnect.com/richardagar/ E-Mail: richard.agar@btconnect.com

Tel:

01947 - 820992

Fax:

01947 - 821147

Mobile

07710 488197

Our ref 2.140

3rd October 2008

fao Wendy Trousdale (Planning)
The North York Moors National Park
The Old Vicarage
Bondgate
HELMSLEY
North Yorkshire
YO62 5BP

Dear Ms Trousdale

RE; OUTBUILDING CONVERSION AT COOPERS FARM, AISLABYSIDE,

EGTON

FOR MR & MRS SWIFT

Please find enclosed copy of our structural appraisal regarding the above planning application. We have also sent one copy by e-mail.

Yours sincerely

For Richard Agar Associates Limited

Richard Agar

Director

NYMNPA

-7 OCT 2008

O











NYMNPA

Prep	ared by	Date	Revision Status	Project Code
Stuart Jo	, ,	24/09/2008	R1	P-08-02 Swift
O COMPLETE	711114011	2-1103/12000	Ni.	7-00-02 OWIII
l Ms	Sc BSc			

Naturally Wild

BAT SURVEY REPORT COOPERS FARM EGTON NORTH YORKSHIRE

Grid Ref. NZ 82778 07394

FOR Mrs Swift



Naturally Wild Consultants Limited Unit 7, the Old Barns, Chilmark, Wiltshire SP3 5AF

Email: ecology@naturallywild.co.uk

STATUS:	R1
TYPE SURVEY	24/09/08

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Ecological Surveys Report

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Report written by: Stuart Johnson BSc MSc On: 24/09/2008

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R INTRODUCTION

B1 Background to activity

Naturally Wild Consultants Ltd was commissioned by Mrs Swift to undertake an ecological survey at Coopers Farm, Egton, North Yorkshire to ascertain if there were bats on the site of a proposed development.

The site is situated approximately 6 miles West from the town of Whitby at grid reference NZ 82778 07394.

B2 Full details of proposed works

Works will involve the removal of the existing roof, internal walls, making safe, re roofing, installation of Velux type roof windows, construction of internal walls and conversion of the building into two holiday let accommodation units.

C SITE SURVEY AND SITE ASSESSMENT

C1 Pre existing information

There are no pre existing survey reports to our knowledge

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C2 Status of species

The distribution atlas of Bats in Britain and Ireland show that the most common species to be found in this area of Yorkshire are Pipistrelle, Brown Long Eared, Daubenton, Whiskered, Brandt's and Natterer's bats.

Species	Local Status	Habitat
Noctule Nyctalus noctula	Widespread mobile populations;	Tree dweller; predominantly in lowlands. Occupies woodpecker and rot holes. Seldom in buildings. Will utilise bat boxes. Feeds over deciduous woodland, parkland, pasture, water and forest edges.
Daubenton's bat Myotis daubentonii	Widespread;	Bridges, tunnels, caves, mines, stone buildings and trees. Has been found hibernating underground at high altitude (550m). Feeds over rivers, canals and other water bodies. Will forage in riparian woodland.
Natterer's bat Myotis nattereri	Widespread; Less common than Daubenton's.	Similar to Daubenton's and can be found together; bridges, old buildings, barns, trees and underground sites. Feeds in woodland and parkland. Has recently been recorded in some upland areas, mainly using riparian habitats.
Whiskered bat Myotis mystacinus	Widespread but uncommon;	Older, mainly stone buildings, churches, trees and often in bat boxes. Feeds mainly in deciduous woodland
Brandt's bat Myotis brandtii	Widespread but uncommon;	Similar to whiskered.
Brown Long-Eared bat Plecotus auritus	Widespread and common; few confirmed records	Old buildings, churches, barns (often with trees close by), underground sites and trees. Often found in bat boxes. Feeds in deciduous



		and coniferous woodland often within the canopy; around parkland trees, gardens, along hedgerows.
Common Pipistrelle Pipistrellus pipistrellus (45kHz)	Widespread and common; breeding roosts recorded.	Wide age range of buildings; favours modern structures, trees occasionally and bat boxes. Feeds over diverse habitats; rural and urban gardens, woodland, farmland, or near water. Found hibernating behind wooden cladding on buildings, in soffits, behind fascia boarding and in gaps in wooden window frames, also hibernates in trees
Soprano Pipistrelle Pipistrellus pygmaeus (55kHz)	Widespread and common; breeding roosts recorded.	As common pipistrelle. Favours riparian habitat, and roosts in larger maternity colonies than the common pipistrelle. Found hibernating behind wooden cladding on buildings, in soffits, behind fascia boarding and in gaps in wooden window frames, also hibernates in trees

C3 Objective(s) of survey

To determine if bats utilise this building.

Ascertain if bats use the building as a roost site.

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C4 Survey area

A sandstone block former barn with hay loft above, the walls are of random stone internally and a rubble infill between the walls. The building is in a reasonable state of repair and forms part of the original farm buildings, it is located at Grid ref. NZ 82778 07394.

C5 Habitat description

The site consists of a good quality sandstone block former barn with hay loft above, with random stone internally with a rubble infill to the walls. The pan tile roof of the barn has several slipped tiles; below the tiles are the original laths with timber support frames below. The West facing external gable wall has several holes to this wall that extend to the rubble infill. There are several holes to the North facing wall which faces the adjacent road and to the South wall facing the yard.

The building is divided into two unequal parts by an internal wall that extends to the roofline. There is an upper internal wooden floor of the building which has collapsed to the western end some time ago. The roof although mostly intact is of pan tiles and has some slipped, missing or cracked tiles and as a result has numerous gaps.

C6 Field survey

C 6.1 Methods

The survey exercise was undertaken using Visual Encounter Survey techniques (VES) which involved a search of the interior and exterior of the buildings. The search followed the perimeter of the building from the southeast corner dealing with individual features as they occurred, working in an anticlockwise direction.



An examination of the walls, crevices, holes, surfaces and ground externally and internally of the buildings were made. Debris or signs consistent with occupation/use by bats such as live bats, dead bats, stains on timber from oils and claw marks in timbers were searched for. All holes and crevices considered by the surveyor as likely to be used as a bat roost were examined with the aid of a ProVision endoscope. Walls and horizontal surfaces were examined using close focus binoculars, high powered hand lamp where necessary to ascertain presence or absence of bats. Evidence as to the possible use of the building by bats was also considered i.e. hibematory, maternity or cool roost sites.

Other factors were taken into account e.g. the building condition, dampness of walls, missing roof tiles, presence or absence of cob webs, concentrations or occasional bat droppings together with locations found, feeding remains such as moth and butterfly wing concentrations (especially on gable wats) WNPA

Planning issues

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Bats are protected by the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended), Schedule 5 and the Conservation (Natural Habitats & c.) Regulations 1994, Schedule 2. These laws give protection to all species of British bats; it is an offence to:

Intentionally or deliberately kill, injure or take (capture) bats

 Intentionally or recklessly damage, destroy or obstruct access to any structure or place used for shelter or protection by a bat

 Intentionally or recklessly disturb a bat while it is occupying a structure or place which it uses for that purpose

Deliberately disturb bats (whether in a roost or not)

 Keep, transport, sell or exchange, or offer for sale or exchange a live or dead bat or any part of a bat

As a result of this legal protection it is illegal to damage, destroy or obstruct access to any bat roost, whether occupied or not, or to harm or disturb a bat. Prosecution could result in imprisonment, fines of £5,000 (per offence and/or per animal affected) and confiscation of vehicles and equipment used in committing the offence. In order to minimise the risk of breaking the law it is essential to work with care to avoid disturbing or harming bats or disturbing or damaging bat roosts, to be aware of the procedures to be followed if bats are found during works, and to commission surveys and expert advice as required to minimise the risk of reckless harm to bats or bat roosts.

Natural England currently advises local planning authorities that:
Where developments requiring planning permission are likely to impact upon protected species it is essential that protected species surveys are undertaken and submitted to meet the requirements of paragraph 98 of ODPM Circular 06/2005, accompanying Planning Policy Statement 9 (Biodiversity and Geological Conservation - Statutory Obligations and Their Impact within the Planning System, 16 August 2005) which states that:

The presence of a protected species is a material consideration when a planning authority is considering a development proposal that, if carried out,

would be likely to result in harm to the species or its habitat.

In addition, paragraph 99 of ODPM Circular 06/2005 states: 'It is essential that the presence or otherwise of protected species, and the extent that they may be affected by the proposed development, is established before the planning permission is granted, otherwise all relevant material considerations may not have been addressed in making the decision. The need to ensure ecological surveys are carried out should therefore only be left to coverage under planning conditions in exceptional circumstances, with the result that the surveys are carried out after planning permission has been granted'

It should also be noted that paragraphs 41 and 45 of the ODPM Circular 08/2005 (Guidance on Changes to the Development Control System) state

'Potential developers (at pre-application stage) and local planning authorities (at application stage) must provide sufficient information to the statutory consultee (Natural England) to enable it to give a substantive reply',

the period prescribed for the purpose of the duty to respond is 21 days starting with the date the statutory consultee receives the information necessary to allow it to provide a substantive response, or any other period agreed in writing between both parties."

Where development would result in damage to, or obstruct access to, any bat roost, whether occupied or not or to harm or disturb a bat a licence is required from DEFRA to allow the development to proceed.

Bats

Recent findings from the Bat Conservation Trust's ongoing National Bat Monitoring Programme (NBMP) suggest that populations of greater and lesser horseshoe bats, Daubenton's bat, Natterer's bat and the common Pipistrelle have risen since regular monitoring began in 1997. Nationally, Daubenton's bat populations are estimated to have been increasing at an annual rate of 4.4% since 1997.

However, this is the first evidence that some bat populations could be recovering from historic population declines. The general consensus, both in Britain and continental Europe is that most other bat species are still declining NYMNPA and vuinerable.

Factors thought to have contributed to this decline include:

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 Reduction in insect prey abundance, due to high intensity farming practice and inappropriate riparian management Loss of insect-rich feeding habitats and flyways, due to loss of

wetlands, hedgerows and other suitable prey habitats

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P-08-02 Coopers Farm

24/09/2008



Loss of winter roosting sites in buildings and old trees

Disturbance and destruction of roosts, including the loss of maternity roosts, due to development and the use of toxic timber treatment chemicals

Because of past declines, some species including Pipistrelle have been designated as priority species by the government and have individual Species Action Plans; these contain objectives relating to the maintenance and restoration of populations to former levels.

Survey was undertaken on Thursday 11th September 2008 between 09.30am and 12.20pm.

C 6.3 Weather conditions

N/a

C 6.4 Personnel

Stuart Johnson MSc BSc holds Natural England, Scottish Natural Heritage and Countryside Commission for Wales bat licences. He currently holds several Defra licences involved with site developments where bats are present. He has been involved in the process of surveying for bats for over 8 NYMNPA years.

Results **C7**

External inspection:

As previously stated this barn is in a reasonable state of repair but in some need of restoration. The walls are cut sandstone block with more random sandstone internally with a rubble filled cavity. Gaps were found to the North, South and West facing external walls that were of sufficient size to allow access by bats to the rubble infill, no evidence was found of bats having been present in these holes when examined with an endoscope. No evidence of use of these buildings by bats was found externally.

Internal inspection

Visual inspection of the internal structure, using high powered hand lamp and endoscope where necessary was conducted to the inside of both buildings. No evidence was found of use by bats internally to the ground floor. The ground floor is as stated divided into two parts both of which are used for domestic storage. The South West corner of the building is extremely damp from rainwater ingress.

Access to the first floor is via a vertical ladder located to the east side of the internal wall. The floor above is showing evidence of rot in several places

particularly close to the walls.

To the eastern gable wall a concentration of moth and butterfly wings was found, on the wall above several bat droppings were also observed. Gaps



were observed between the wall tops and the roofing tiles above, these gaps were found to be relatively free from cobwebs.

The internal wall to the western side of this room was also examined, again

moth and butterfly wings were found together with bat droppings.

Access was then gained to the western first floor via a small door to the north side. Butterfly and moth wings were found to the north side of this area together with further moth wings to the east side of the internal wall. Bat droppings were observed on the internal wall and along the centre line of the floor. The central ridge line showed few cobwebs along its length. Gaps were evident above the internal wall. Closer observation of the bat droppings and wings found resulted in the conclusion that the building had not been used by bats during the breeding season of 2008. It is also safe to assume from the evidence found at the site the species of bat that uses this building is the Brown Long Eared Bat Plecotus auritus.

Interpretation and evaluation C8

C8.1 Presence/absence

Evidence of bats using the building for roosting purposes was found on the survey of the building. It is presumed that from the number and distribution of the droppings and wings found the building is probably used as a cool roost site for solitary males and non breeding female bats.

C8.2 Population size class assessment Population on site is considered to be low and consists of low numbers of bats using the building as a cool roost site.

C8.3 Site status assessment

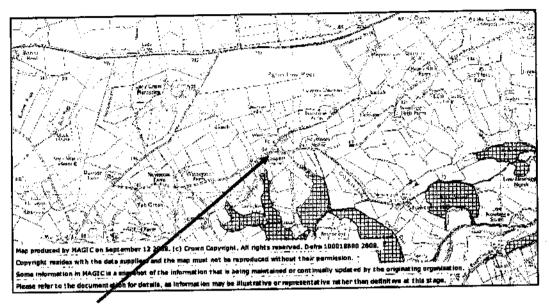
The building at present provides a cool roosting habitat for bats. Due to its exposed location at an elevation of 532 ft above sea level it is likely that the building is used during a normal summer, 2008 has not been a typical breeding season for bats due to the high rainfall and low temperatures observed over the summer months.

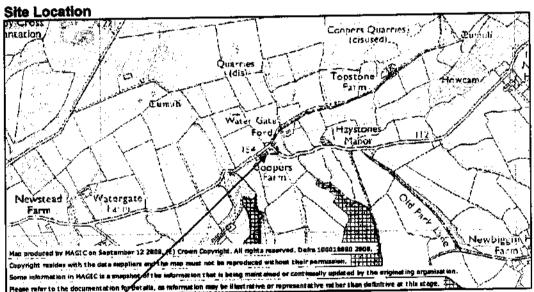
C8.4 Constraints

There were no constraints with regard to site access or surveys.

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C9 Maps of survey area and surveyor location

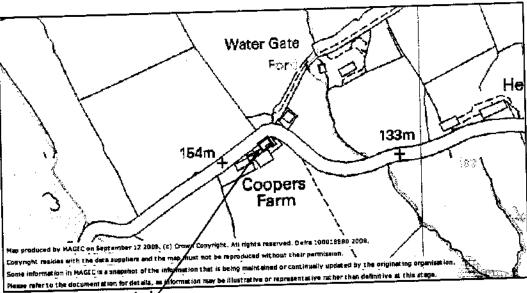




Site in context to surrounding area

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Building to be converted

C10 Photographs of key habitat features

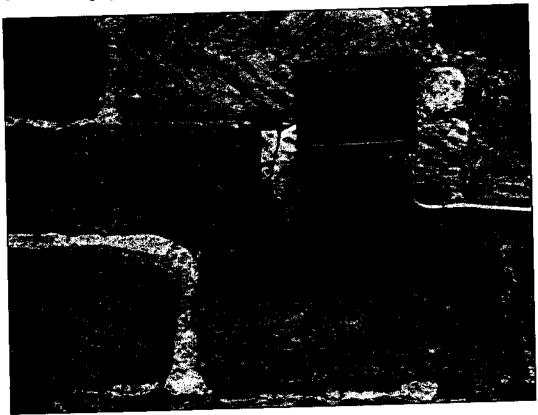


Image 1 West face of barn showing possible access points

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D IMPACT ASSESSMENT

D1 Pre- and mld-activity impacts

There will be a loss of the habitat for bats as a result of the development.

D2 Long-term impacts

Long term there is to be a loss of the current habitat available for bats.

D3 Post-activity Impacts

There will be post activity impact, at the site as a direct result of the building being taken back into use and its conversion into living accommodation. There will be an increase in disturbance within the building.

D4 Other impacts

No other impacts are anticipated

D5 Summary of impacts at site level

Loss of an identified bat roost increased impact by human presence.

D6 Summary of impacts in a wider context

This development will result in the permanent loss of an identified bat roost. There is no mitigation strategy planned for the development.

- E MITIGATION AND COMPENSATION
- E1 Mitigation strategy

No mitigation strategy has been planned in respect of the proposed development.

- F SUMMARY
- F1 Summary of development and mitigation

The proposed development involves the conversion of a barn at Coopers Farm to two holiday lets. This will result in the loss of an identified bat roost. There is no mitigation strategy proposed for the development.

We consider there is a requirement for a DEFRA development licence in respect of this project.

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http://www.naturalengland.org.uk/

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Ref 2.140

October 2008

<u>STRUCTURAL APPRAISAL</u>

OF

OUTBUILDING AT COOPERS FARM

AISLABYSIDE, EGTON NORTH YORKSHIRE

FOR

MR & MRS G SWIFT

NYMNPA

-7 OCT 2008

Prepared by

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Civil Engineers





STRUCTURAL APPRAISAL OF OUTBUILDING AT COOPERS FARM, AISLABY NORTH YORKSHIRE FOR MR & MRS SWIFT

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1.0 **BRIEF**:-

This report has been prepared on the instruction of Mrs Swift. The report is required to provide supporting information regarding a planning application to convert a redundant outbuilding into a dwelling.

The objective of this report is:-

- to provide a general appraisal of the current structural status of the outbuilding.
- to comment on the structural implications, if any, of the proposed change of use.

This report is NOT a full structural specification for carrying out the works.

We have not inspected the woodwork or other parts of the structure which are covered, unexposed or inaccessible and we are, therefore, unable to report that any such part of the property is free from defect.

Dimensions noted in this report are rough visual estimates for identification purposes only. No actual measurements have been taken at the site.

2.0 INTRODUCTION:-

The outbuilding that is the subject of this report is a stone built building situated adjacent to the public highway on the north side of the development.

The building is a single storey stable/tack room with hay loft over and has no doubt had a variety of uses in the past.

2.1 Grid Reference:-

The Ordnance Survey grid reference is NZ 828 / 074.

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2.2 <u>Date of Visit:-</u>

The site was visited for the purpose of this report on the 23rd September 2008.

2.3 Weather:-

The weather was mild and dry. There have been some significant periods of wet and windy weather recently. The last 12 months have been quite wet locally.

2.4 Topography:-

The site is situated on the south facing slopes of Esk Valley in the North York Moors National Park.

The land slopes moderately down towards the south and is approximately 140 metres above sea level.

Coopers Farm

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The buildings are sheltered by the North York Moors to the North. We would, however, describe the site as isolated and exposed to inclement weather.

Vegetation around the building is minimal, comprising covered yards and public highway.

2.5 Geology:-

The British Geological Survey one-inch series sheet 43 indicates that the subsoil should comprise glacial deposits overlying shale beds of the Upper Lias series.

At this stage no subsoil investigations have been carried out.

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3.0 GENERAL:-

3.1 Type of Building:-

We would describe the building as a traditional single storey stone built outbuilding, we must note that approximately 75% is effectively 2 storey utilising a hay loft/tack area.

Walls are of solid stone construction typically 450mm thick.

The traditional timber purlin roof is covered with clay pantiles bedded on timber lathes.

3.2 Overall Stability:-

Overall stability is generally provided by the external masonry walls. There is also at least 1 internal cross-walls to provide additional lateral stability.

3.3 Past Alterations:-

Past alterations appear to have been minimal. Some openings may have been altered or blocked up a long time ago.

4.0 OBSERVATIONS:-

Where appropriate we have classified the visible signs of damage/movement to the building in accordance with Building Research Establishment digest no. 251 (BRE 251) "Assessment of damage to low-rise buildings". The digest has six categories '0' (negligible) to '5' (very severe).

All dimensions quoted in this report are approximate for identification purposes only.

Coopers Farm

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South Elevation:-4.1

Walls are typically 400mm thick solid sandstone construction.

There are noticeable undulations in the ridgeline.

There is a slight lean-out of the roof due to past lateral spread of the roof.

Some general re-pointing is required.

Heavy stone lintels to openings appear to be satisfactory.

Rainwater goods are in need of an overhaul/replacing. Some tiles are loose.

In accordance with BRE 251 we would classify the visible evidence of damage on this elevation as category 2 (slight) for which the digest remarks "...some external pointing required to ensure weathertightness. Doors and windows may stick slightly....".

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North Elevation:-4.2

Undulations in the ridge line due to the roof indicate lateral spread. Some tiles are loose or misplaced.

There is a slight lean-out to the wall, especially near the top. It may be advisable to re-lay the top three courses of masonry on this elevation.

There is evidence of past cracking/movement at high level to the East gable. This is probably a result of past lateral spread to the roof. There is also a past vertical crack for the full height of the wall, near the centre.

There also appears to have been an opening blocked up a long time ago.

Guttering is missing. Generally rainwater goods need an overhaul.

Old re-pointing indicates past cracking around the window to the West end. There may have been some deterioration of the timber lintel to the inner face of the wall. Generally cracking and past re-pointing was typical of movement associated with lateral spread of the roof.

Generally our view is that the masonry is in reasonable condition, but would benefit from general re-pointing.

Coopers Farm

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In accordance with BRE 251 we would classify the visible evidence of damage on this elevation as category 2 (slight).

4.4 Internal:-

The concrete floor is uneven and will need replacing.

Joists to the first floor show signs of past woodworm. Floor boards are also in poor condition in places. There are areas of damp staining and mould on the timbers to the first floor. We assume that internal joinery will be replaced as part of the conversion works.

Tiles are bedded on lathes across common rafters. We will be recommending that roof timbers be replaced as part of the conversion works.

5.0 CONCLUSIONS:-

The building is effectively complete and intact.

Taking into account the age and past use of the building, we would describe the essential structure as being in a reasonably repairable condition.

Timberwork generally needs replacing.

The building has stocky proportions with few and modest openings and, therefore, overall stability characteristics may be described as inherently good.

The proposed domestic use of the building is unlikely to produce loadings in excess of those that the building has already been subjected to.

6.0 RECOMMENDATIONS:-

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6.1 Roof:-

- Roof structure to be replaced and to incorporate:
 - tanalised battens on roofing felt
 - deeper common rafters to provide space for insulation/ventilation etc.
 - all rafters should either be tied to ceiling joists at eaves level or purlins should be designed by a Chartered Structural Engineer.
 - new flashings and an overhaul/replacement of rainwater goods.

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6.2 Walls:-

- Externally rake out all joints to a depth of 15mm and re-point with a mortar no stronger than 1:2:9 cement:lime:sand.
- Install suitable dpc course e.g. chemical injection system by a specialist contractor able to provide an appropriate guarantee.
- Install 9 nr stainless steel helical ties to bed joints of masonry across former vertical cracks on north elevation. Exact location to be confirmed on site.
- Timber lintels to be replaced with pre-cast concrete type.
- Consider relaying top 2 or 3 courses of wall on North elevation.

6.3 Floors:-

 Replace existing rough floors with new concrete slab on dpm on hardcore bed.

Signed for

Richard Agar Associates Limited,



Eur Ing RICHARD AGAR
BSc(Hons) MSc CEng MIStructE MICE MCS MCIArb FConsE
Chartered Structural Engineer
Chartered Civil Engineer

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VALIDATION CHECKLIST

STANDARD REQUIREMENTS:

PLANNING PERMISSION Other than Householder Applications



Please complete the attached checklist to indicate what you have included with your application. All plans should include paper size, key dimensions and scale.

(it original and 3 copies to be supplied unless that application is submitted el	ecu onically)	
Completed application form	YES	N/A 🗌
Completed Certificate of Ownership, A, B, C or D as required by Article 7 of the Town and Country Planning (General Development Procedure) Order 1995 and by Regulation 6 of the Planning (Listed Building and Conservation Areas) regulations 1990.	YES-	N/A 🗍
Agricultural Holdings Certificate as required by Article 7 of the Town and Country Planning (General Development Procedure) Order 1995	YES 🗗	N/A 🗌
Location Plan at a scale of 1:2500 or 1:1250 with your application site edged red and any other land in your ownership edged in blue.	YES -	N/A 🗌
Existing and proposed site layout plans at a scale of 1:100, 1:200 or 1:500	YES	N/A □
Existing and proposed elevations to a scale of 1:50 or 1:100	YESE	N/A 🗌
Existing and proposed floor plans to a scale of 1:50 or 1:100	YESE	N/A 🗀
Existing and proposed roof plans to a scale of 1:50 or 1:100 – if the proposal alters the existing roof	YES[N/A🗗
Existing and proposed sections and finished floor levels at a scale of not less than 1:100	YES[]	N/A
Design and Access Statement unless material change of use, engineering or mining works	YESE	N/A
Application fee Please consult our enclosed Schedule of Fees. Cheques are to be made payable to NYMNPA	YESU	NO
Manufacturers specification/leaflet, for proposals incorporating plant/machinery (swimming pools/wind turbines) Please highlight the exact information within the leaflet that relates to the development proposal. Please also see the Authority's website for Planning Advice Note 3 – Renewable Energy http://www.moors.uk.net/uploads/publication/6245.pdf	YES	NO□

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SOME OR ALL OF THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION MAY ALSO BE REQUIRED:

Biodiversity Survey and Report (Nature Conservation and Ecological Assessment)	YESU	N/A
Flood Risk Assessments/ Sequential Test (flood zones)	YES□	N/AU
Tree Survey/Arboriculture Assessment	YES□	N/A[]
Environmental Impact Assessment	YES	N/A[]
Foul Sewerage/surface water Assessment	YES∐	N/A[Y
Structural Survey	YESE	N/A□
Statement of Agricultural Need	YES 🗆	N/AIJ

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