

FLOOD RISK ASSESSMENT

NYMNPA 1 9 JAN 2015

A171 Guisborough to Whitby Park & Ride Facility, North Yorkshire

Submitted to:
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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Golder Associates (UK) Ltd (Golder) has been requested by North Yorkshire County Council to undertake a site based Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) for the proposed development of a Park and Ride facility near Whitby, North Yorkshire. This report presents the results of the FRA along with recommendations for appropriate mitigation measures.

1.1 Background

An ES was prepared by Golder in 2007¹ for the proposed Park and Ride facility (the proposed development) and was subsequently approved for planning in 2008. The application has since lapsed; consequently an update to the planning application is required to address planning policy changes that have occurred since 2007. There have been no fundamental design changes to the proposed development since the initial application was approved.

1.2 Objective

The objective of this report is to produce a site-based FRA in accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF), including the consideration of the potential risk of flooding from all sources both to and from the proposed development.

2.0 SITE DETAILS

2.1 Site Location and Existing Site Description

The proposed development site (the Site) is located west of Whitby, within the North York Moors National Park. It comprises a roughly triangular piece of agricultural land adjacent to the intersection of the A171 Guisborough Road and B1460; Bakers Lane runs along the northern boundary of the Site. The grid reference for the Site is NZ 4872, 5100 and the Site extends over an area of approximately 4.2 ha. The Site location is presented in Appendix A.

Site topography varies between 90 mAOD and 100 mAOD and typically slopes towards the east of the Site.

2.2 Proposed Development

The proposed development would entail the creation of car parking for approximately 400 cars and associated infrastructure such as sheltered waiting areas and an internal roadway system. A retention pond is also proposed. The proposed development is presented in Appendix A.

2.3 Geology and Hydrogeology

The published geological map for the region, sheets 35 and 44 covering Whitby and Scalby (BGS 1998) shows that the site is underlain by Glacial Till, which is described as clay with pebbles and lenses of gravel.

The groundwater vulnerability map for this area (Sheet 9, Groundwater Vulnerability of North East Yorkshire) indicates the solid geology underlying the Site is considered to be a minor aquifer.

The ES (Golder, 2007) states the following 'The National Soil Resources Institute website indicates that soils beneath the site are dominantly slightly acid loamy and clayey soils with impeded drainage. They have a moderate to high fertility'.

2.4 Hydrology and Drainage

The Site is located within the catchment of the River Esk, which is approximately 1.5 km south of the Site. The River Esk flows west to east, through Whitby and discharges into the North Sea. According to the Ordnance Survey Landranger Map 94 for Whitby and Esk Dale the nearest watercourse is a tributary of the

Golder, 2007. Environmental Statement - A171 Guisborough to Whitby Park and Ride Facility, North Yorkshire, 05588358.504/A0. June 2007





River Esk, which runs parallel to the south of the site, approximately 100 m away. Ground levels at the tributary are approximately 10 m lower in comparison to the Site.

2.5 Vulnerability Classification & Flood Zone Compatibility

The proposed development is considered to be 'less vulnerable' (see Table 2 of the NPPF) and the development, according to the Environment Agency (EA) Flood Map, is located in Flood Zone 1. Table 3 of the NPPF illustrates the proposed development is considered 'appropriate' in Flood Zone 1.

3.0 FLOOD RISKS

3.1 Potential Sources of Flooding

Table 1 provides a summary of the potential flood risks to and from the Site.

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Table 1: Potential Sources of Flood Risk

Type of Flooding	Further Consideration Required	Comments	
Fluvial	No	The Site is shown on published EA maps to lie in Flood Zone 1.	
Tidal	No		Site is shown on published aps to lie in Flood Zone 1.
Surface Water Runoff	Yes	surfac	proposed development as sealed (impermeable) es, which will increase e water runoff.
Groundwater	No	topogr does r the Si that consid overlyi	nderlying geology and local aphy indicate groundwater not pose a significant risk to te. Section 2.3 highlights infiltration on Site is ered to be impeded by the ng soils and no basement ares are proposed.

3.2 Surface Water Flood Risk & Mitigation

The existing Site is an agricultural field; however the proposed development will feature impermeable surfaces covering a total area of 0.78 ha and comprises the following:

Internal Roadways

= 6,070 m²; and

Pathways

= 1,770 m²

The parking bays and overspill car park will feature a gravel surface and reinforced grass respectively, consequently, they are not considered to increase surface water runoff.

The proposed site drainage includes a retention pond, located towards the eastern extent of the Site, which will 'polish' water and attenuate flows by controlling discharge from hardstanding areas of the Site. Before entering the retention pond, surface water runoff will flow through oil interceptors. Discharge from the retention pond would enter either the highway drains along the B1460 or the highway drains along the A171. The drains along the A171 discharge into the watercourse south of Cross Butts Farm and eventually flow into the River Esk.



In the ES it was recommended that the retention pond should have the capacity to manage the 1% Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP) design standard rainfall event. However, in accordance with the NPPF, the design standard would now need to be increased to account for climate change. Therefore the retention pond should have the capacity to manage the 1% AEP rainfall event plus 20% to account for climate change. The ES states a letter from the EA, dated 28 September 2006, specified discharge from the retention pond should not exceed 1.4 l/s/ha.

Runoff volumes from the hardstanding have been calculated for different duration 1% AEP and 1% AEP plus 20% rainfall events. The total runoff generated during these storms is then offset against the volume discharged at 1.4 l/s/ha during the duration of the storm. It is assumed that all areas of the Site not covered with hardstanding will discharge at a rate no more than 1.4l/s/ha. The worst case runoff volume is selected to provide design criteria for the capacity of the retention pond.

During a 1% AEP rainfall event the development will generate up to 615 m³ of runoff in excess of the EA specified 1.4 l/s/ha discharge limit. During a 1% AEP plus 20% rainfall event the development will generate up to 772 m³ of runoff in excess of the EA specified 1.4 l/s/ha discharge limit. The calculations are presented in Appendix B.

4.0 CONCLUSION

The proposed 'less vulnerable' development lies in Flood Zone 1 and therefore not at risk of fluvial or tidal flooding. In accordance with the NPPF, the development is considered 'appropriate' for its respective Flood Zone.

To mitigate the potential increase in surface water runoff a retention pond will be built towards the eastern extent of the Site which will limit discharge from the Site to 1.4 l/s/ha. The retention pond will feature a permanent pool of water, above which will be a minimum capacity of 772 m³ to attenuate runoff generated during rainfall events up to and including the 1% AEP plus climate change.

Given the aforementioned mitigation measures the proposed development is not considered to pose a flood risk to the Site or increase flood risk to third parties.





Report Signature Page

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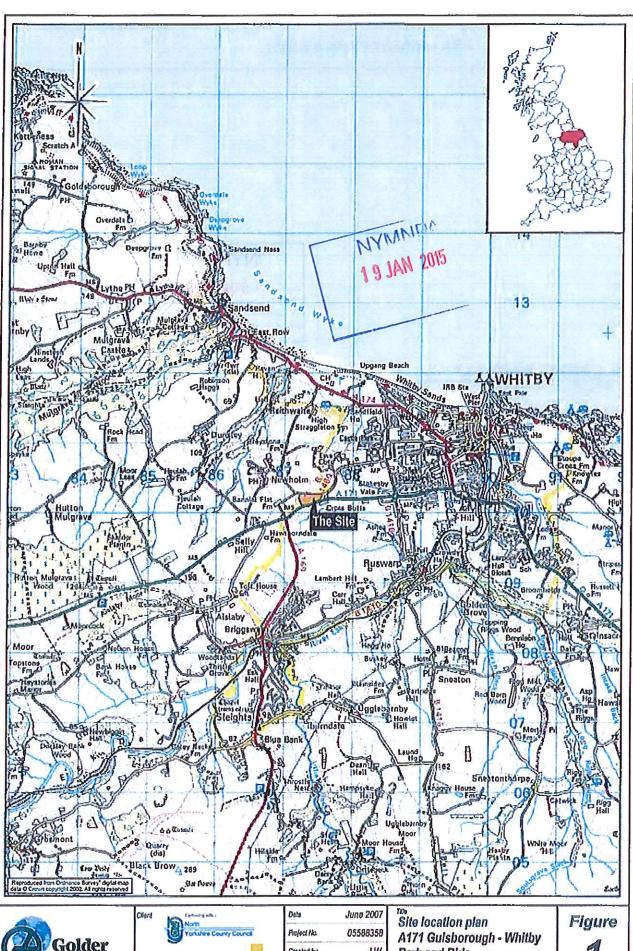


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APPENDIX A

Site Location & Proposed Development









Data	Juna 2007
Project No.	05588358
Cresied by	J.W.
File No.	581525

Park and Ride

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APPENDIX B

Surface Water Runoff Calculations



Storage Volume Calculations

Greenfield Runoff Rate

1.4 l/s/ha

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Flow Rate Q (m 3 /s) = C i A where C = coefficient of runoff; i = rainfall intensity; A = catchment area then Runoff Volume = Q x Duration

1% AEP		Hardstanding			
Area		7,840 m ² 0.90			
Runoff Coefficient					
Duration (mins)	Rainfall (mm)	Volume of Runoff (Hardstand) (m³)	Existing Volume of Runoff (Greenfield) (m³)	Storage Required to Retain Greenfield Rate (m³)	
15	27.02	191	1	190	
30	32.68	231	2	229	
60		279	4	278	
120		337	8	329	
240		408	16	392	
360	64.63	456	24	433	
720		552	47	504	
1080		615	71	544	
1440		665	95	570	
1800		706	119	58	
2160		742	142	599	
2520		773	166	60	
2880		801	190	61:	
3240	115.85	817	213	60	
			Maximum	61:	

1% AEP plus Climate	Change	Hardstanding			
Area		7,840 m ² 0.90			
Runoff Coefficient					
Duration (mins)	Rainfall (mm)	Volume of Runoff (Hardsland) (m³)	Existing Volume of Runoff (Greenfield) (m³)	Storage Required to Retain Greenfield Rate (m³)	
15	32.42	229	1	228	
30	39.22	277	2	278	
60	47.44	335	4	33	
120	57.37	405	8	39	
240	69.40	490	16	47	
360	77.56	547	24	52	
720	93.80	662	47	61	
1080	104.63	738	71	66	
1440	113.06	798	95	70	
1800	120.07	847	119	72	
2160	126.11	890	142	74	
2520	131.46	928	166	76	
2880	136.27	962	190	77	
3240	139.02	981	213 Maximum	760 773	



Date: 18/07/2012

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